### FORM 10-Q SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

[x] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

**Commission File Number 0-17071** 

### FIRST MERCHANTS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Indiana35-1544218(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)(I.R.S. Employer incorporation No.)

200 East Jackson Street, Muncie, IN47305-2814(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): (765) 747-1500

### Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer [ ] (Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]

As of April 30, 2012, there were 28,623,529 outstanding common shares of the registrant.

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# FIRST MERCHANTS CORPORATION FORM 10Q PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

ASSETS         Cash and due from banks         \$ 60,901         \$ 73,215           Interest-bearing time deposits         342,00         52,851           Investment securities available for sale         547,308         518,491           Investment securities held to maturity (fair value of \$427,633 and \$442,469)         21,218         17,000           Mortagae loans held for sale         22,138         17,864           Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$70,369 and \$70,389         22,128         15,154         5,102           Permises and equipment         15,541         5,102         11,270           Premises and equipment         16,730         11,270           Premises and equipment         16,730         17,272           Core deposit intangibles         16,730         17,272           Core deposit intangibles         11,317         141,357           Cookvill         11,352         12,423           Other cale state owned         15,628         16,289           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         15,628         16,289           Other cale state owned         5,626         13,247           Total Lossering         2,601,355         2,481,475           Total Corrections         2,201         2,201           Total D	DETC.		March 31, 2012 Jnaudited)	De	cember 31, 2011	
Interest-bearing time deposits   547,308   518,401   Investment securities available for sale   147,709		Ф	CO 001	ф	ED 242	
Investment securities available for sale   547,90   427,97   427,90     Investment securities had to maruity (fair value of \$427,633 and \$442,469)   427,27   427,90     Mortgage loans held for sale   2,218   7,848   17,848     Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$70,369 and \$70,898   2,222,60   2,642,517     Premises and equipment   51,541   51,013     Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock   33,020   31,270     Interest receivable   16,730   17,273     Core deposit intengibles   9,129   9,114     Goodwill   141,357   141,357     Cash surrender value of life insurance   15,628   162,289     Total state owned   15,628   124,229     Total state owned   15,628   124,229     Total ASSETS   31,417   12,628     Total ASSETS   31,417   12,628     Total Labilities   13,408   13,407     Total Deposits   2,408,417     Total Deposits   2,408,417     Total Deposits   2,408,417     Total Deposits   2,408,417     Total Deposits   13,408   156,305     Securities sold under repurchase agreements   13,306   13,407     Total Deposits   3,408,417   13,409     Securities sold under repurchase agreements   13,409   13,409     Total Borrowings   3,409,417   13,409   13,409     Total Borrowings   3,4		\$		\$		
Mortagae Joans held for sale						
Montgage loans held for sale						
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$70,369 and \$70,898         2,722,620         2,642,517           Premises and equipment         51,514         51,013           Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock         33,026         31,270           Incress receivable         16,709         17,723           Core deposit intangibles         9,129         9,114           Goodwill         141,335         124,325           Chash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,325           Other real estate owned         32,121         36,424           Other real estate owned         31,417         15,628         16,289           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         31,417         12,613         170,64           Other assets         13,417         12,613         13,07         12,613         13,07           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 677,643         \$ 645,070         1,615						
Premises and equipment         51,541         51,012           Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock         33,26         31,270           Interest receivable         16,790         17,723           Core deposi intangibles         9,129         9,114           Goodwill         11,355         124,325           Cash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,329           Other real estate owned         32,112         36,424           Other real estate owned         32,112         36,424           Other sasts         32,112         36,424           Other sasts         32,112         36,424           Other sasts         5         4,236,306         \$4,173,005           Interest spearing         \$6,001,305         2,488,107           Total Deposits         \$6,001,305         2,488,107           Total Deposits         \$10,905         \$1,500           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         \$10,905         \$1,500           Federal funds purchased         \$139,308         \$15,603           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         \$115,969         \$19,405           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and ter						
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock         33,026         31,270           Interest receivable         16,738         17,72           Core deposit intangibles         9,129         9,114           Goodwill         141,357         141,357           Cash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,329           Other real estate owned         36,424         36,422           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         31,417         12,613           Other assets         13,417         12,613           TOTAL ASSETS         \$4,236.05         \$4,73,005           Interest Despoils:           Noninterest-bearing         \$6,77,643         \$6,608           Interest-bearing         \$2,601,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         \$2,601,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         \$13,930         156,305           Borrowings         \$13,930         156,305           Borrowings         \$13,930         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         \$13,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and tern loans         \$15,095         489,374           Interest payable         \$2,094         \$2,925						
Interest receivable						
Gord epost intangibles         9,124           Goodwill         141,357         141,357           Cash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,229           Other real estate owned         15,628         16,288           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         32,112         36,428           Other assets         13,417         26,619           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4,236,366         \$ 4,173,076           LABILITIES           Possits         \$ 567,643         \$ 646,508           Noninterest-bearing         2,501,935         2,488,177           Total Deposits         32,79,578         3,134,655           Borrowings         10,936         5,505           Federal funds purchased         10,936         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         139,308         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         131,495         130,905           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         133,905         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         133,905         150,305           Several funds purchase agreements         133,905         150,305           Several funds purchase agreements         13,905						
Goodwill         141,357         124,357           Cash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,239           Other real estate owned         15,628         16,289           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         32,112         36,424           Other assets         13,417         12,615           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4,236,666         \$ 4,173,076           EXPRESSION SUBSTANCES           Noninterest-bearing         \$ 676,643         \$ 646,508           Interest-bearing         \$ 2,601,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         \$ 2,601,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         \$ 10,936         \$ 2,808,147           Federal funds purchased         \$ 10,936         \$ 156,305           Federal funds purchased         \$ 13,496         318,005           Scurities sold under repurchase agreements         \$ 13,938         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         \$ 13,936         149,079           Total Borrowings         \$ 397,09         489,374           Interest payable         \$ 2,004         2,925           Other liabilities         \$ 2,004         2,925           Total Liabilities         \$ 3,08,25         3,68,68,69						
Cash surrender value of life insurance         123,355         124,329           Other real estae voned         15,628         16,289           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         32,112         36,424           Other assets         13,417         12,613           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4,236,65         \$ 1,473,075           IABILITIES           Poposits         \$ 677,643         \$ 646,508           Interest-bearing         2,001,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         3,279,578         313,465           Borrowings:         10,936         156,305           Federal funds purchased         10,936         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         113,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,690         194,974           Total Borrowings         30,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         3,708,425         356,809           Total Liabilities         3,708,425         365,809           Total Liabilities         9,078,3         90,783           Total Liabilities         90,783         90,78						
Other real estate owned         15,628         16,289           Tax asset, deferred and receivable         32,112         36,244           Other assets         13,417         12,613           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4,236,366         \$ 4,173,076           EABILITIES         TORD         \$ 645,008           Poposits         2,601,935         2,488,147           Total Deposits         3,279,58         313,4655           Borrowings         10,936         15,005           Federal flome Loan Bank advances         139,308         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,466         138,095           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,466         138,095           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,466         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,969         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,09         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           Total Liabilities         9,708,209         3,658,609           Total Liabilities         9,078,30         9,0783           Securities Payable         9,078,30						
Tax asset, deferred and receivable         32.112         36.424           Other assets         13.417         12.613           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 423.636         \$ 4173.076           IABILITIES           Proposits           Noninterest-bearing         \$ 646,508           Interest-bearing         2,2601.935         2,488.147           Total Deposits         32,795.8         334.655           Bornowings:         19.036         156.305           Federal funds purchased         139.308         156.305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         138.095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         139.709         449.374           Total Borrowings         397.70         489.374           Interest payable         2,004         2,925           Other Liabilities         370.84         31,655           Total Liabilities         370.84         36,560           SOMITIMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Senior Non-Cumulative Prepretal Preferred Stock, Series B         90,783         90,783           Issued and						
Other assets         13.417         12.613           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4.336.56         \$ 4.173.076           LAIBILITIES           Deposits           Noninterest-bearing         \$ 66,05.085           Interest-bearing         \$ 2,601,335         2.488,147           Total Deposits         \$ 3,279,58         3,134,655           Berrowings:         \$ 10,936         156,305           Federal Hunds purchased         \$ 13,936         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         \$ 13,946         130,936         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         \$ 131,946         130,936         156,305           Subditinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         \$ 115,969         194,974         430,975           Subditinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         \$ 13,946         130,936         194,974           Total Borrowing         \$ 39,779         \$ 489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,374         489,3						
TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 4,236.36         \$ 4,173.076           LABILITIES           Poposits           Noninterest-bearing         \$ 646,508           Interest-bearing         \$ 677,643         \$ 646,508           Interest-bearing         \$ 2,001,303         2,488,108           Total Deposits         10,906         3,34655           Borrowings         115,908         150,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         130,308         150,305           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,609         194,074           Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,094         2,095         2,094         2,095         2,094         2,095         2,094         2,095         2,094         2,095         2,094         2,095         2,096         2,096         2,096         2,096         2,096         2,096         2,096 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Page	Other assets		13,417		12,613	
Deposits:         \$ 677,643         \$ 646,508           Noninterest-bearing         \$ 677,643         \$ 646,508           Total Deposits         3,279,578         3,134,655           Borrowings:	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,236,366	\$	4,173,076	
Noninterest-bearing Interest-bearing Interest-bearing Interest-bearing 2,001,935         \$645,085           Interest-bearing 2,001,935         2,488,185           Borrowings:         3,279,578         3,134,655           Borrowings:         10,936         156,305           Federal funds purchased         139,308         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,406         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,609         149,704           Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         3,055           Other liabilities         2,094         3,055           Total Liabilities         3,708         2,925           Other liabilities         3,708         3,558           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           Total Liabilities         9,078         3,658,609           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         9,078         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 9,078,29 4 shares         90,783         90,783         125         125           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3,578         3,578         125         125 <td>LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LIABILITIES					
Noninterest-bearing Interest-bearing Interest-bearing Interest-bearing 2,001,935         \$645,085           Interest-bearing 2,001,935         2,488,185           Borrowings:         3,279,578         3,134,655           Borrowings:         10,936         156,305           Federal funds purchased         139,308         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,406         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,609         149,704           Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         3,055           Other liabilities         2,094         3,055           Total Liabilities         3,708         2,925           Other liabilities         3,708         3,558           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           Total Liabilities         9,078         3,658,609           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         9,078         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 9,078,29 4 shares         90,783         90,783         125         125           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3,578         3,578         125         125 <td>Deposits:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Deposits:					
Total Deposits   3,279,578   3,134,655     Borrowings:		\$	677,643	\$	646,508	
Total Deposits         3,279,578         3,134,655           Borrowings:         10,936         16,036         16,036         16,036         156,035         16,036         156,035         16,036         156,035         16,036         131,496         133,095         184,095         194,974         115,699         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036         194,974         10,036		·		•		
Borrowings:         10,936           Federal funds purchased         139,308         156,305           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         131,496         138,095           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,969         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,09         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         3,08,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized - 500,000 shares           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         9,783         90,783           Umulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3,978         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3,578         125           Common Stock, \$1,25 stated value:         3,578         3,570           Authorized - 50,000,000 shares         3,578         3,570           Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares         3,578         3,578				_		
Federal funds purchased         10,936           Securities sold under repurchase agreements         139,308         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,969         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,025           Other liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           Treferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized - 500,000 shares           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B           Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         125         125           Authorized - 600 shares         125         125           I ssued and outstanding - 125 shares         3,578         3,570           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         3,578         3,570           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings			5,275,576		5,154,055	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements         139,308         156,305           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,699         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,09         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,095           Other liabilities         29,044         31,655           Total Liabilities         3,708,425         3,558,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized 500,000 shares         90,783         90,783           I sued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3         90,783           Authorized 600 shares         125         125           I sued and outstanding 125 shares         3         3,578         3,578           Common Stock, \$1.25 stated value:         3,578         3,578         3,578           Additional paid-in capital         25,116         254,874           Retained earnings         3,60         254,874			10 936			
Federal Home Loan Bank advances         131,496         138,095           Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,969         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,700         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized 500,000 shares         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         3,258         90,783           Authorized 600 shares         125         125           Issued and outstanding 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$1,25 stated value:         3,578         3,570           Authorized 50,000,000 shares         3,578         3,570           Issued and outstanding 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares         3,578         3,578           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         18,164         168,717 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>156 305</td></tr<>					156 305	
Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans         115,969         194,974           Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,904         2,925           Other liabilities         29,044         31,655           Total Liabilities         3,708,25         3,658,600           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized - 500,000 shares         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 125 shares         125         125           Issued and outstanding - 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$1,25 stated value:         3,578         3,578         3,578           Authorized - 50,000,000 shares         3,578         3,578         3,578           Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares         3,578         3,578         3,578           Additional paid-in capital         255,114         254,874         4           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         3,358         3,578         3,578         3,578         3,578         <						
Total Borrowings         397,709         489,374           Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         29,044         31,655           Total Liabilities         3,708,425         3,568,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized - 500,000 shares         5         5           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         90,783         90,783           I ssued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         30,783         90,783           I ssued and outstanding - 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:         35         125           I ssued and outstanding - 28,662,586 and 28,559,707 shares         3,578         3,578         3,578           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         181,664         168,717           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         3,362         3,602           Total Stockholders' Equity         52,941         514,467 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Interest payable         2,094         2,925           Other liabilities         29,044         31,655           Total Liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized 500,000 shares           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 90,782,94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         30,783         90,783           Authorized 600 shares         125         125           Issued and outstanding 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$1,25 stated value:         3,578         3,578         3,578           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         181,664         168,717           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         3,362         3,602           Total Stockholders' Equity         527,941         514,467	·			_		
Other liabilities         29,044         31,655           Total Liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized - 500,000 shares         5enior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         90,783         90,783           Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         30,783         125           Authorized - 600 shares         125         125           Issued and outstanding - 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$1,25 stated value:         3,578         3,570           Authorized - 50,000,000 shares         3,578         3,570           Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares         3,578         3,570           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         181,664         168,717           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         3,360         3,600           Total Stockholders' Equity         527,941         514,467						
Total Liabilities         3,708,425         3,658,609           COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES         3,708,425         3,658,609           STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized 500,000 shares           Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B           Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares         90,783         90,783           Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:           Authorized 600 shares           Issued and outstanding 125 shares         125         125           Common Stock, \$1.25 stated value:         3,578         3,570           Additional paid-in capital         255,116         254,874           Retained earnings         181,664         168,717           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (3,325)         (3,602)           Total Stockholders' Equity         527,941         514,467						
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES         STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         Authorized 500,000 shares         Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares       90,783       90,783         Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         Authorized 600 shares         Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:         Authorized 50,000,000 shares         Issued and outstanding 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY         Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         Authorized 500,000 shares         Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B         Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares       90,783       90,783         Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:         Authorized 600 shares         Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:         Authorized 50,000,000 shares         Issued and outstanding 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467			3,708,425		3,658,609	
Preferred Stock, no-par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:       4 Authorized 500,000 shares         Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B       90,783       90,783         Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares       90,783       90,783         Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:       30,783       125         Authorized 600 shares       125       125         Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       3,578       3,570         Authorized 50,000,000 shares       3,578       3,570         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Authorized 500,000 shares  Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B  Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares 90,783 90,783  Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:  Authorized 600 shares  Issued and outstanding 125 shares 125  Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:  Authorized 50,000,000 shares  Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares 3,578  Additional paid-in capital 255,116  Retained earnings 181,664  Accumulated other comprehensive loss (3,325) (3,602)  Total Stockholders' Equity 527,941 514,467						
Senior Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B       90,783       90,783         Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares       90,783       90,783         Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:       Authorized 600 shares         Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       Authorized 50,000,000 shares         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Issued and outstanding - 90,782.94 shares       90,783       90,783         Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:       \$\$\$\$\$ Authorized 600 shares       \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       \$						
Cumulative Preferred Stock, \$1,000 par value, \$1,000 liquidation value:						
Authorized 600 shares       125       125         Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       3,578       3,570         Authorized 50,000,000 shares       3,578       3,570         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467			90,783		90,783	
Issued and outstanding 125 shares       125       125         Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       3,125       125         Authorized 50,000,000 shares       3,578       3,570         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Common Stock, \$.125 stated value:       3,578       3,570         Authorized 50,000,000 shares       3,578       3,570         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       255,116       254,874         Additional paid-in capital       181,664       168,717         Accumulated earnings       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Authorized 50,000,000 shares       3,578       3,570         Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       255,116       254,874         Additional paid-in capital       181,664       168,717         Accumulated earnings       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467	•		125		125	
Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares       3,578       3,570         Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Additional paid-in capital       255,116       254,874         Retained earnings       181,664       168,717         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (3,325)       (3,602)         Total Stockholders' Equity       527,941       514,467						
Retained earnings         181,664         168,717           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (3,325)         (3,602)           Total Stockholders' Equity         527,941         514,467	Issued and outstanding - 28,622,586 and 28,559,707 shares					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (3,325) (3,602)  Total Stockholders' Equity 527,941 514,467						
Total Stockholders' Equity 527,941 514,467			181,664		168,717	
	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,325)		(3,602)	
	Total Stockholders' Equity		527,941		514,467	
		\$	4,236.366	\$	4,173.076	

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

FORM 10Q
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2012	2011						
INTEREST INCOME								
Loans receivable:								
Taxable	\$ 35,848	\$ 38,738						
Tax exempt	117	102						
Investment securities:								
Taxable	4,574	4,547						
Tax exempt	2,562	2,553						
Federal funds sold		2						
Deposits with financial institutions	25	83						
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock	343	341						
Total Interest Income	43,469	46,366						
INTEREST EXPENSE								
Deposits	4,110	6,866						
Federal funds purchased	12	3						
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	295	378						
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	994	1,001						
Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and term loans	1,942	2,641						
Total Interest Expense	7,353	10,889						
NET INTEREST INCOME	36,116	35,477						
Provision for loan losses	4,875	5,594						
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	31,241	29,883						
OTHER INCOME								
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,819	2,779						
Fiduciary activities	1,983	2,036						
Other customer fees	2,586	2,235						
Commission income	1,667	1,888						
Earnings on cash surrender value of life insurance	1,378	578						
Net gains and fees on sales of loans	1,952	1,873						
Net realized gains on sales of available for sale securities	789	463						
Other-than-temporary impairment on available for sale securities		(5,687)						
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income before taxes		5,287						
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings		(400)						
Gain on FDIC modified whole bank transaction	9,124							
Other income	360	406						
Total Other Income	22,658	11,858						
OTHER EXPENSES		11,000						
Salaries and employee benefits	19,354	17,176						
Net occupancy	2,651	2,745						
Equipment	1,805	1,783						
Marketing	442	382						
Outside data processing fees	1,376	1,445						
Printing and office supplies	267	288						
Core deposit amortization	469	1,101						
FDIC assessments	1,117	2,104						
Other real estate owned and credit-related expenses	2,186	3,195						
Other expenses	4,361	3,662						
Total Other Expenses	34,028	33,881						
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	19,871	7,860						
Income tax expense	5,500	2,399						
•								
NET INCOME	14,371	5,461						
Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion	(1,135)	(988)						
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	<u>\$ 13,236</u>	\$ 4,473						
Per Share Data:								
Basic Net Income Available to Common Stockholders	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.17						
Diluted Net Income Available to Common Stockholders	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.17						
Cash Dividends Paid	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01						
Average Diluted Shares Outstanding (in thousands)	28,755	25,763						

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

# FORM 10Q CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Marc 2012	h 31,	2011
Not in compa	¢		¢	
Net income	\$	14,371	\$	5,461
Other comprehensive income net of tax:  Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities available for sale arising during the period,				
net of income tax of \$11 and \$2,570		(20)		4,773
Unrealized loss on securities available for sale for which a portion of an other than				(4 <b>=</b> 50)
temporary impairment has been recognized in income, net of tax of \$7 and \$840		(14)		(1,560)
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges arising during the period, net of income tax of \$163 and \$51		303		87
Amortization of items previously recorded in accumulated other				
comprehensive income (losses), net of income tax of \$281 and \$10		521		(17)
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income				
net of income tax expense of \$276 and \$22		(513)		(40)
		277		3,243
Comprehensive income	\$	14,648	\$	8,704
The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, included in stockholders' equity, are as follows:	М	arch 31,	Dec	ember 31,
		2012		2011
Net unrealized gain on securities available for sale	\$	17,711	\$	18,244
Net unrealized loss on securities available for sale for which a portion of an other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in income		(3,182)		(3,168)
Net unrealized loss on cash flow hedges		(1,537)		(1,841)
Defined benefit plans		(16,317)		(16,837)
	\$	(3,325)	\$	(3,602)
See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.				

FORM 10Q
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

				Additional	D. C. I			
	<b>61</b>		. Channa Anna		Paid in	Retained	Comprehensive	m . 1
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Income (Loss)	Total
Balances, December 31, 2011	90,908	\$90,908	28,559,707	\$ 3,570	\$ 254,874	\$ 168,717	\$ (3,602)	\$514,467
Comprehensive Income								
Net Income						14,371		14,371
Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax							277	277
Cash Dividends on Common Stock (\$.01 per								
Share)						(289)		(289)
Cash Dividends on Preferred Stock under Small								
Business Lending Fund						(1,135)		(1,135)
Share-based Compensation			67,486	8	318			326
Stock Issued Under Employee Benefit Plans			13,323	2	117			119
Stock Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment and								
Stock Purchase Plan			2,796		29			29
Stock Redeemed			(20,726)	(2)	(222)			(224)
Balances, March 31, 2012	90,908	\$90,908	28,622,586	\$ 3,578	\$ 255,116	\$ 181,664	\$ (3,325)	\$527,941

See notes to consolidated condensed financial statements.

## FIRST MERCHANTS CORPORATION FORM 10Q CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2012 2011					
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:  Net income	\$	14,371	\$	5,461		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ψ	14,571	Ψ	5,401		
Provision for loan losses		4,875		5,594		
Depreciation and amortization		1,149		1,316		
Change in deferred taxes		4,682		2,851		
Share-based compensation		326		368		
Mortgage loans originated for sale		(91,199)		(66,489)		
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans		86,925		85,847		
Gain on acquisition		(9,124)		,-		
Gains on sales of securities available for sale		(789)		(463)		
Recognized loss on other-than-temporary-impairment		, ,		400		
Change in interest receivable		1,521		1,091		
Change in interest payable		(1,198)		(1,145)		
Other adjustments		(1,023)		10,007		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	10,516	\$	44,838		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	<del>,</del>	- ,				
Net change in interest-bearing deposits	\$	30,474	\$	3,373		
Purchases of:	Ψ	50,474	Ψ	3,373		
Securities available for sale		(52,706)		(54,983)		
Securities held to maturity		(566)		(2,451)		
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale		21,928		10,536		
Proceeds from maturities of:		_1,5_0		10,000		
Securities available for sale		22,653		12,729		
Securities held to maturity		14,949		7,772		
Proceeds from redemptions of Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock		5		83		
Purchase of bank owned life insurance				(5,000)		
Net change in loans		6,390		59,345		
Net cash received from acquisition		17,200		,-		
Proceeds from the sale of other real estate owned		1,983		6,182		
Other adjustments		(719)		(684)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	61,591	\$	36,902		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	<del></del>	01,001	Ψ	50,502		
Net change in :						
Demand and savings deposits	\$	22,890	\$	(43,550)		
Certificates of deposit and other time deposits	Ψ	(3,876)	Ψ	(72,994)		
Borrowings		10,936		30,817		
Repayment of borrowings		(112,878)		(2,987)		
Cash dividends on common stock		(289)		(258)		
Cash dividends on preferred stock		(1,135)		(870)		
Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plans		148		292		
Stock redeemed		(224)		(122)		
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(84,428)	\$	(89,672)		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ψ	(12,321)	Ψ	(7,932)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		73,312		58,307		
	¢	60,991	¢	50,375		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, March 31	<u>\$</u>	60,991	\$	50,3/5		
Additional cash flow information:						
Interest paid	\$	8,184	\$	12,042		
Income tax paid (refunded)	\$	1,000	\$	(3,486)		
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	\$	2,425	\$	4,575		
Non-cash investing activities using trade date accounting	\$	(2,390)	\$	28,829		

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 1. General

Financial Statement Preparation

The significant accounting policies followed by First Merchants Corporation (the "Corporation") and its wholly owned subsidiaries for interim financial reporting are consistent with the accounting policies followed for annual financial reporting. All adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature and are in the opinion of management necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported, have been included in the accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements.

The consolidated condensed balance sheet of the Corporation as of December 31, 2011, has been derived from the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Corporation as of that date. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the Corporation's annual financial statements, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, have been condensed or omitted. These consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's Form 10-K annual report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year.

### **NOTE 2. Purchase and Assumption**

Effective February 10, 2012, the Bank assumed substantially all of the deposits and certain other liabilities and acquired certain assets of SCB Bank, a federal savings bank headquartered in Shelbyville, Indiana, from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), as receiver for SCB Bank (the "Acquisition"), pursuant to the terms of the Purchase and Assumption Agreement – Modified Whole Bank; All Deposits (the "Agreement"), entered into by the Bank, the FDIC as receiver of SCB Bank and the FDIC.

Under the terms of the Agreement, the Bank acquired \$147.7 million in assets, including approximately \$11.9 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$18.9 million of equity securities, \$1.8 million in Federal Home Loan Bank stock, \$113.0 million in loans and \$2.1 million of premises and other assets. The Bank assumed approximately \$135.7 million of liabilities, including approximately \$125.7 million in customer deposits, \$9.6 million of other borrowed money and \$402,000 in other liabilities. These balances are book balances and do not reflect the fair value adjustments which are shown on the following table. The acquisition did not include any loss sharing agreement with the FDIC.

The bid accepted by the FDIC included a 0 percent deposit premium. The assets were acquired at a discount of \$29.0 million from book value. The FDIC made a payment of \$17.2 million to the Bank upon the final closing date balance sheet for SCB Bank that reflected the difference between the purchase price of the assets acquired and the value of the liabilities assumed.

The Bank engaged in this transaction with the expectation that it would be immediately accretive and add a new market area with a demographic profile consistent with many of the current Indiana markets served by the Bank.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 2. Purchase and Assumption continued

The transaction was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the Business Combination topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC 310-20 and 310-30"). The statement of net assets and liabilities acquired as of February 10, 2012, is presented below. The assets and liabilities of SCB Bank were recorded at the respective acquisition date provisional fair values, and identifiable intangible assets were recorded at provisional fair value.

Assets		Liabilities	
Cash and due from banks	\$ 29,113	Deposits:	
Investment securities, available for sale	18,896	Non-interest bearing	\$ 13,715
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	1,761	NOW accounts	14,746
Loans:		Savings and money market	25,843
Commercial	51,042	Certificate of deposit	 71,605
Residential mortgage	11,181	Total Deposits	125,909
Installment	31,570		
Total Loans	93,793	Federal Home Loan Bank advances	10,286
		Other liabilities	804
Premises	1,516	Total Liabilities Assumed	\$ 136,999
Core deposit intangible	484		
Other assets	560	Net Gain on Acquisition	\$ 9,124
Total Assets Purchased	\$ 146,123		

Because of the short time period between the February 10, 2012 closing of the transaction and the end of the Corporation's fiscal quarter on March 31, 2012, the Corporation continues to analyze the estimates of the fair values of loans acquired and deposits assumed. The Corporation expect to finalize its analysis and therefore, adjustments to the recorded values may occur.

The value of the core deposit intangible from the transaction was \$484,000 and a gain of \$9.1 million was generated from the transaction. The gain was a result of the amount by which the fair value of assets acquired exceeded the fair value of the liabilities assumed and the discount bid on assets acquired.

In many cases, the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined by estimating cash flows expected to result from those assets and liabilities and discounting them at appropriate market rates. The most significant category of assets for which this procedure was used was acquired loans. The Bank acquired the \$113.0 million loan portfolio at a fair value discount of \$19.2 million. The performing portion of the portfolio, \$86.3 million, had an estimated fair value of \$76.5 million. The excess of expected cash flows above the fair value of the performing portion of loans will be accreted to interest income over the remaining lives of the loans in accordance with ASC 310-20.

Preliminary estimates of certain loans, those for which specific credit-related deterioration, since origination, was identified are recorded at fair value, reflecting the present value of the amounts expected to be collected. Income recognition on these loans is based on reasonable expectation about the timing and amount of cash flows to be collected. Many of the acquired loans deemed impaired and considered collateral dependent, with the timing of a sale of loan collateral indeterminate, remain on non-accrual status and have no accretable yield.

The following table details the acquired loans that are accounted for in accordance with ASC 310-30 (formerly State of Position ("SOP") 03-3 as of February 10, 2012.

Contractually required principal and interest at acquisition	\$ 31,143
Contractual cash flows not expected to be collected (nonaccretable differences)	 9,688
Expected cash flows at acquisition	21,455
Interest component of expected cash flows (accretable discount)	 4,152
Fair value of acquired loans accounted for under ASC 310-30	\$ 17,303

Pro-forma statements were determined to be impracticable due to the nature of the transaction as certain assets were not purchased.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 3. Investment Securities**

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and approximate fair values of the investment securities at the dates indicated were:

	Amortized Cost			Gross nrealized Gains	Un	Gross realized Losses	Fa	ir Value
Available for sale at March 31, 2012								
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities	\$	5,000	\$	26			\$	5,026
State and municipal		140,387		9,690	\$	68		150,009
U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		368,892		10,036		59		378,869
Corporate obligations		16,801		406		5,633		11,574
Equity securities		1,830						1,830
Total available for sale		532,910		20,158		5,760		547,308
Held to maturity at March 31, 2012								
State and municipal		119,581		3,370		4		122,947
U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		293,143		11,543				304,686
Total held to maturity		412,724		14,913		4		427,633
Total Investment Securities	\$	945,634	\$	35,071	\$	5,764	\$	974,941
	Amortized Cost							
Available for sale at December 31, 2011	Aı		Uı	Gross nrealized Gains	Un	Gross realized Losses	Fa	ir Value
Available for sale at December 31, 2011 U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities			U1	nrealized	Un	realized	<u>Fa</u>	i <mark>ir Value</mark> 117
Available for sale at December 31, 2011 U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal	Ai 	Cost	_	nrealized Gains	Un	realized		
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities		Cost 99	_	nrealized Gains	Un	realized		117
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal		<b>Cost</b> 99  136,857	_	nrealized Gains 18 10,496	Un I	realized Losses		117 147,353
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		99 136,857 358,928	_	nrealized Gains 18 10,496	Un I	realized Losses		117 147,353 368,998
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations		99 136,857 358,928 5,765	_	nrealized Gains 18 10,496	Un I	realized Losses		117 147,353 368,998 193
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Equity securities Total available for sale		99 136,857 358,928 5,765 1,830	_	18 10,496 10,086	Un I	realized Losses 16 5,572		117 147,353 368,998 193 1,830
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Equity securities		99 136,857 358,928 5,765 1,830	_	18 10,496 10,086	Un I	realized Losses 16 5,572		117 147,353 368,998 193 1,830
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Equity securities Total available for sale Held to maturity at December 31, 2011		99 136,857 358,928 5,765 1,830 503,479	_	18 10,496 10,086	Un I	realized Losses 16 5,572		117 147,353 368,998 193 1,830 518,491
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities State and municipal U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Equity securities Total available for sale Held to maturity at December 31, 2011 State and municipal		99 136,857 358,928 5,765 1,830 503,479	_	18 10,496 10,086 20,600	Un I	realized Losses 16 5,572		117 147,353 368,998 193 1,830 518,491

The amortized cost and fair value of available for sale securities and held to maturity securities at March 31, 2012, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

Matu	urity Distribution at March 31, 2012:	Available for Sale Amortized Cost Fair V			ale nir Value	A	Held to I mortized Cost	rity air Value
	Due in one year or less	\$	5,509	\$	5,575	\$	3,355	\$ 3,354
	Due after one through five years		14,894		15,560		3,053	3,077
	Due after five through ten years		35,577		37,663		49,066	50,171
	Due after ten years		106,208		107,811		64,107	66,345
		\$	162,188	\$	166,609	\$	119,581	\$ 122,947
	U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		368,892		378,869		293,143	304,686
	Equity securities		1,830		1,830			 
	Total Investment Securities	\$	532,910	\$	547,308	\$	412,724	\$ 427,633

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 3. Investment Securities continued**

The carrying value of securities pledged as collateral, to secure public deposits and for other purposes, was \$363,713,000 at March 31, 2012, and \$299,478,000 at December 31, 2011.

The book value of securities sold under agreements to repurchase amounted to \$124,138,000 at March 31, 2012, and \$129,311,000 at December 31, 2011.

For the three months ended March 31, 2012, gross gains of \$789,000 were realized from sales and redemptions of available for sale securities. For the three months ended March 31, 2011, gross gains of \$463,000 were realized from sales and redemptions of available for sale securities. There were no gross losses resulting from sales and redemptions of available for sale securities realized for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011. The Corporation did not recognize an other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") loss in the three months ended March 31, 2012. The Corporation did recognize OTTI losses of \$400,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011, equal to the credit loss, establishing a new lower amortized cost basis.

Certain investments in debt and equity securities are reported in the financial statements at an amount less than their historical cost. The historical cost of these investments totaled \$27,866,000 and \$11,925,000 at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011, respectively. Total fair value of these investments at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011, was \$22,103,000 and \$6,339,000, which is approximately 2.3 percent and 0.7 percent of the Corporation's available for sale and held to maturity investment portfolio at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

Except as discussed below, management believes the declines in fair value for these securities are temporary. Should the impairment of any of these securities become other than temporary, the cost basis of the investment will be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in net income in the period the OTTI is identified.

The Corporation's management has evaluated all securities with unrealized losses for OTTI as of March 31, 2012. The evaluations are based on the nature of the securities, the extent and duration of the loss and the intent and ability of the Corporation to hold these securities either to maturity or through the expected recovery period.

The current unrealized losses are primarily concentrated within trust preferred securities held by the Corporation. Such investments have an amortized cost of \$5.8 million and a fair value of \$174,000, which is less than 1 percent of the Corporation's entire investment portfolio. On all but one small pool investment, the Corporation utilized Moody's to determine their fair value.

In determining the fair value of the trust preferred securities, the Corporation utilizes a third party for portfolio accounting services, including market value input. The Corporation has obtained an understanding of what inputs are being used by the vendor in pricing the portfolio and how the vendor was classifying these securities based upon these inputs. From these discussions, the Corporation's management is comfortable that the classifications are proper. The Corporation has gained trust in the data for two reasons: (a) independent spot testing of the data is conducted by the Corporation through obtaining market quotes from various brokers on a periodic basis and (b) actual gains or loss resulting from the sale of certain securities has proven the data to be accurate over time. Discount rates used in the cash flow analysis on these variable rate securities were those margins in effect at the inception of the security added to the appropriate three-month LIBOR spot rate obtained from the forward LIBOR curve used to project future principal and interest payments. These spreads ranged from .85 percent to 1.57 percent spread over LIBOR.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 3. Investment Securities continued**

The following table shows the Corporation's investments' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011:

	12 Months or											
		Less than 12 Months				Lon	ger		Total			
		Gross Fair Unrealized Value Losses			Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		
Temporarily Impaired Investment Securities at March 31, 2012		_		_		_						
State and municipal	\$	5,504	\$	(72)					\$	5,504	\$	(72)
U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed												
securities		16,425		(59)						16,425		(59)
Corporate obligations					\$	174	\$	(5,633)		174		(5,633)
Total Temporarily Impaired Investment Securities	\$	21,929	\$	(131)	\$	174	\$	(5,633)	\$	22,103	\$	(5,764)

	Less than 12 Months				12 Moi Lon		0r	Total					
	Fair Value			Unrealized		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses	
Temporarily Impaired Investment													
Securities at December 31, 2011													
U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed													
securities	\$ 6,176	\$	(16)					\$	6,176	\$	(16)		
Corporate obligations				\$	163	\$	(5,572)		163		(5,572)		
Total Temporarily Impaired Investment													
Securities	\$ 6,176	\$	(16)	\$	163	\$	(5,572)	\$	6,339	\$	(5,588)		

### U.S. Government-Sponsored Mortgage-Backed Securities

The unrealized losses of \$59,000 on the Corporation's investment in U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities were a result of changes in interest rates. The Corporation expects to recover the amortized cost basis over the term of the securities as the decline in market value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality. The Corporation does not intend to sell the investment and it is not more likely than not that the Corporation will be required to sell the investment before recovery of its new, lower amortized cost basis, which may be maturity. The Corporation does not consider the investment securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2012.

### State and Municipal

The unrealized losses of \$72,000 on the Corporation's investments in securities of state and political subdivisions were caused by changes in interest rates. The contractual terms of those investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized cost basis of the investments. The Corporation does not intend to sell the investment and it is not more likely than not that the Corporation will be required to sell the investment before recovery of its new, lower amortized cost basis, which may be maturity. The Corporation does not consider the investment securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2012.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 3. Investment Securities continued**

### Corporate Obligations

The Corporation's unrealized losses on Corporate Obligations total \$5.6 million on a book value of \$16.8 million at March 31, 2012. All of the decline in value is related to the pooled trust preferred securities and is attributable to temporary illiquidity and the financial crisis affecting these markets, coupled with the potential credit loss resulting from the adverse change in expected cash flows. Due to the illiquidity in the market, it is unlikely that the Corporation would be able to recover its investment in these securities if the Corporation sold the securities at this time. Management has analyzed the cash flow characteristics of the securities and this analysis included utilizing the most recent trustee reports and any other relevant market information, including announcements of deferrals or defaults of trust preferred securities. The Corporation compared expected discounted cash flows, based on performance indicators of the underlying assets in the security, to the carrying value of the investment to determine if an other-than-temporary impairment existed. The Corporation does not consider the remainder of the investment securities, which are classified as Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy, to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2012. The Corporation does not intend to sell the investment, and it is not more likely than not that the Corporation will be required to sell the investment before recovery of its new, lower amortized cost basis, which may be maturity.

### Credit Losses Recognized on Investments

Certain debt securities have experienced fair value deterioration due to credit losses and other market factors. The following table provides information about debt securities for which only a credit loss was recognized in income and other losses were recorded in other comprehensive income.

	Cred	umulated lit Losses n 2012		Accumulated Credit Losses in 2011
Credit losses on debt securities held:				
Balance, January 1	\$	11,355	\$	10,955
Additions related to other-than-temporary losses not previously recognized			_	400
Balance, March 31	\$	11,355	\$	11,355

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance**

The Corporation's primary lending focus is small business and middle market commercial and residential real estate, auto and small consumer lending, which results in portfolio diversification. The following tables show the composition in the loan portfolio, loan grades and the allowance for loan losses excluding loans held for sale. Residential real estate loans held for sale at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011, were \$22,138,000 and \$17,864,000, respectively.

Effective February 10, 2012, the Bank assumed \$113.0 million in loans as part of the Purchase and Assumption Agreement discussed in NOTE 2. PURCHASE AND ASSUMPTION included in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q. This loan portfolio was acquired at a fair value discount of \$19.2 million.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The following table shows the composition of the corporation's loan portfolio by loan class for the periods indicated:

	N	1arch 31, 2012	De	cember 31, 2011
Loans:				
Commercial and industrial loans	\$	546,304	\$	532,523
Agricultural production financing and other loans to farmers		97,165		104,526
Real estate loans:				
Construction		92,694		81,780
Commercial and farm land		1,229,195		1,194,230
Residential		498,354		481,493
Home Equity		210,564		191,631
Individual's loans for household and other personal expenditures		78,711		84,172
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned income		3,112		3,555
Other loans		36,890		39,505
		2,792,989		2,713,415
Allowance for loan losses		(70,369)		(70,898)
Total Loans	\$	2,722,620	\$	2,642,517

The Corporation maintains an allowance for loan losses to cover probable credit losses identified during its loan review process. The allowance is increased by the provision for loan losses and decreased by charge offs less recoveries. All charge offs are approved by the Bank's senior loan officers or loan committees, depending on the amount of the charge off, and are reported to the Bank's Board of Directors. The Bank charges off loans when a determination is made that all or a portion of a loan is uncollectible. The allowance for loan losses is maintained through the provision for loan losses, which is a charge against earnings.

The amount provided for loan losses in a given period may be greater than or less than net loan losses, and is based on management's judgment as to the appropriate level of the allowance for loan losses. The determination of the provision amount in a given period is based on management's continuing review and evaluation of the loan portfolio, including an internally administered loan "watch" list and an independent loan review. The evaluation takes into consideration identified credit problems, the possibility of losses inherent in the loan portfolio that are not specifically identified and management's judgment as to the impact of current economic conditions on the portfolio.

Management believes that the allowance for loan losses is adequate to cover probable incurred losses inherent in the loan portfolio at March 31, 2012. The process for determining the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is critical to the Corporation's financial results. It requires management to make difficult, subjective and complex judgments, as estimates about the effect of uncertain matters are needed. The allowance for loan losses considers current factors, including economic conditions and ongoing internal and external examination processes, and will increase or decrease as deemed necessary to ensure the allowance for loan losses remains adequate. In addition, the allowance as a percentage of charge offs and nonperforming loans will change at different points in time based on credit performance, loan mix and collateral values.

The historical loss allocation for loans not deemed impaired according to ASC 310 is the product of the volume of loans within the non-impaired criticized and non-criticized risk grade classifications, each segmented by call code, and the historical loss factor for each respective classification and call code segment. The historical loss factors are based upon actual loss experience within each risk and call code classification. The historical look back period for non-criticized loans looks to the most recent rolling-four-quarter average and aligns with the look up back period for non-impaired criticized loans. Each of the rolling four quarter periods used to obtain the average, include all charge offs for the previous twelve-month period, therefore the historical look back period includes seven quarters. The resulting allocation is reflective of current conditions. Criticized loans are grouped based on the risk grade assigned to the loan. Loans with a special mention grade are assigned a loss factor, and loans with a classified grade but not impaired are assigned a separate loss factor. The loss factor computation for this allocation includes a segmented historical loss migration analysis of criticized risk grades to charge off.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

In addition to the specific reserves and historical loss components of the allowance, consideration is given to various environmental factors to help ensure that losses inherent in the portfolio are reflected in the allowance for loan losses. The environmental component adjusts the historical loss allocations for commercial and consumer loans to reflect relevant current conditions that, in management's opinion, have an impact on loss recognition. Environmental factors that management reviews in the analysis include: national and local economic trends and conditions; trends in growth in the loan portfolio and growth in higher risk areas; levels of, and trends in, delinquencies and non-accruals; experience and depth of lending management and staff; adequacy of, and adherence to, lending policies and procedures including those for underwriting; industry concentrations of credit; and adequacy of risk identification systems and controls through the internal loan review and internal audit processes.

The risk characteristics of the Corporation's material portfolio segments are as follows:

### Commercial

Commercial loans are primarily based on the identified cash flows of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The cash flows of borrowers, however, may not be as expected and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Most commercial loans are secured by the assets being financed or other business assets such as accounts receivable or inventory and may incorporate a personal guarantee; however, some short-term loans may be made on an unsecured basis. In the case of loans secured by accounts receivable, the availability of funds for the repayment of these loans may be substantially dependent on the ability of the borrower to collect amounts due from its customers.

### Commercial real estate

These loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Commercial real estate lending typically involves higher loan principal amounts and the repayment of these loans is generally dependent on the successful operation of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. Commercial real estate loans may be more adversely affected by conditions in the real estate markets or in the general economy. Management monitors and evaluates commercial real estate loans based on collateral and risk grade criteria. In addition, management tracks the level of owner-occupied commercial real estate loans versus non-owner occupied loans.

### Residential and Consumer

With respect to residential loans that are secured by 1-4 family residences and are generally owner occupied, the Corporation generally establishes a maximum loan-to-value ratio and requires PMI if that ratio is exceeded. Home equity loans are typically secured by a subordinate interest in 1-4 family residences, and consumer loans are secured by consumer assets such as automobiles or recreational vehicles. Some consumer loans are unsecured such as small installment loans and certain lines of credit. Repayment of these loans is primarily dependent on the personal income and credit rating of the borrowers, which can be impacted by economic conditions in their market areas such as unemployment levels. Repayment can also be impacted by changes in property values on residential properties. Risk is mitigated by the fact that the loans are of smaller individual amounts and spread over a large number of borrowers.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The following tables summarize changes in the allowance for loan losses by loan segment for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and March 31, 2011:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012												
			Re	eal Estate						Finance			
	Con	nmercial	Co	Commercial Co		Consumer	Residential			Leases		Total	
Allowance for loan losses:						<u> </u>							
Balances, January 1	\$	17,731	\$	37,919	\$	2,902	\$	12,343	\$	3	\$	70,898	
Provision for losses		577		1,778		16		2,508		(4)		4,875	
Recoveries on loans		148		228		208		313		1		898	
Loans charged off		(2,882)		(2,018)		(321)		(1,081)				(6,302)	
Balances, March 31, 2012	\$	15,574	\$	37,907	\$	2,805	\$	14,083		-	\$	70,369	

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011											
	Cor	Real Estate Commercial Consumer		Residential			Finance Leases		Total			
Allowance for loan losses:												
Balances, January 1	\$	32,508	\$	36,341	\$	3,622	\$	10,408	\$	98	\$	82,977
Provision for losses		(1,881)		6,926		(215)		842		(78)		5,594
Recoveries on loans		646		321		286		472		1		1,726
Loans charged off		(1,067)		(6,348)		(595)		(1,351)				(9,361)
Balances, March 31, 2011	\$	30,206	\$	37,240	\$	3,098	\$	10,371	\$	21	\$	80,936

The following table shows the Corporation's allowance for credit losses and loan portfolio by loan segment for the periods indicated:

	March 31, 2012											
	Cor	nmercial		mmercial eal Estate	C	onsumer	Re	sidential		Finance Leases		Total
Allowance Balances:												
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	3,121	\$	1,942			\$	832			\$	5,895
Collectively evaluated for impairment		12,453		35,965	\$	2,805		13,251				64,474
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$	15,574	\$	37,907	\$	2,805	\$	14,083			\$	70,369
Loan Balances:												
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	17,170	\$	53,853			\$	12,498			\$	83,521
Collectively evaluated for impairment		663,189		1,268,036	\$	78,711		696,420	\$	3,112		2,709,468
Total Loans	\$	680,359	\$	1,321,889	\$	78,711	\$	708,918	\$	3,112	\$	2,792,989
						December	31, 2	011				
			Co	ommercial		December	131, 2	011	]	Finance		
	Con	nmercial		ommercial eal Estate	_ (	December Consumer		011 esidential	_	Finance Leases		Total
Allowance Balances:	Con	nmercial			_(				_			Total
Allowance Balances: Individually evaluated for impairment	Con \$	nmercial 4,701			_(				_		\$	<b>Total</b> 7,938
			R	eal Estate	\$		Re	esidential	_		\$	
Individually evaluated for impairment		4,701	R	<b>eal Estate</b> 2,504		Consumer	Re	esidential 733		Leases	\$	7,938
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	4,701 13,030	\$	2,504 35,415	\$	2,902	Re	733 11,610	\$	Leases 3	_	7,938 62,960
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	4,701 13,030	\$	2,504 35,415	\$	2,902	Re	733 11,610	\$	Leases 3	_	7,938 62,960
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$	4,701 13,030	\$	2,504 35,415	\$	2,902	Re	733 11,610	\$	Leases 3	_	7,938 62,960
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Total Allowance for Loan Losses Loan Balances:	\$	4,701 13,030 17,731	\$ \$	2,504 35,415 37,919	\$	2,902	\$ \$	733 11,610 12,343	\$	Leases 3	\$	7,938 62,960 70,898
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Total Allowance for Loan Losses  Loan Balances: Individually evaluated for impairment	\$	4,701 13,030 17,731 18,793	\$ \$	2,504 35,415 37,919 51,980	\$	2,902 2,902	\$ \$	733 11,610 12,343 12,546	\$	Leases 3 3	\$	7,938 62,960 70,898 83,319
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Total Allowance for Loan Losses  Loan Balances: Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ \$ \$	4,701 13,030 17,731 18,793 657,760	\$ \$ \$	2,504 35,415 37,919 51,980 1,224,031	\$	2,902 2,902 2,902 84,172	\$ \$ \$	733 11,610 12,343 12,546 660,578	\$ \$	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	\$	7,938 62,960 70,898 83,319 2,630,096

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

Loans are reclassified to a non-accruing status when, in management's judgment, the collateral value and financial condition of the borrower do not justify accruing interest. Interest previously recorded, but not deemed collectible, is reversed and charged against current income. Payments subsequently received on nonaccrual loans are applied to principal. A loan is returned to accrual status when principal and interest are no longer past due and collectability is probable, typically after a minimum of six consecutive months of performance. Payments received on impaired accruing or delinquent loans are applied to interest income as accrued.

The following table summarizes the Corporation's non-accrual loans by loan class for the periods indicated:

	arch 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Commercial and Industrial	\$ 16,157	\$ 12,246
Real Estate Loans:		
Construction	10,101	8,990
Commercial and farm land	32,562	31,093
Residential	13,750	14,805
Home equity	1,728	1,896
Individuals loans for household and other personal expenditures	150	1
Other Loans	8	561
Total	\$ 74,456	\$ 69,592

Impaired loans include all non-accrual loans and renegotiated loans as well as substandard, doubtful and loss grade loans that were still accruing but deemed impaired according to guidance set forth in ASC 310. Also included in impaired loans are accruing loans that are contractually past due 90 days or more. A loan is deemed impaired when, based on current information or events, it is probable that all amounts due of principal and interest according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement will not be collected.

Impaired loans are measured by the present value of expected future cash flows or the fair value of the collateral of the loans, if collateral dependent. The fair value for impaired loans is measured based on the value of the collateral securing those loans and is determined using several methods. The fair value of real estate is generally based on appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers. The appraisers typically determine the value of the real estate by utilizing an income or market valuation approach. If an appraisal is not available, the fair value may be determined by using a cash flow analysis. Fair value on other collateral, such as business assets, is typically valued by using financial information such as financial statements and aging reports provided by the borrower and is discounted as considered appropriate.

## FIRST MERCHANTS CORPORATION FORM 10Q NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Table dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The following table shows the composition of the Corporation's commercial impaired loans by loan class as of March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011:

	March 31, 2012										
		Unpaid Principal Balance		Recorded nvestment	1	Related Allowance	R	Average lecorded vestment		Interest Income ecognized	
Impaired loans with no related allowance:											
Commercial and industrial	\$	28,793	\$	13,180			\$	13,785	\$	37	
Real Estate Loans:											
Construction		15,169		8,838				8,994		14	
Commercial and farm land		69,656		49,714				50,333		289	
Residential		8,087		6,285				6,562		28	
Home equity		3,428		304				305		3	
Individuals loans for household and											
other personal expenditures		8									
Other loans		95		19				20			
Total	\$	125,236	\$	78,340			\$	79,999	\$	371	
Impaired loans with related allowance:											
Commercial and industrial	\$	8,802	\$	6,612	\$	3,121	\$	7,188	\$	11	
Real Estate Loans:											
Construction		2,826		2,353		324		2,360			
Commercial and farm land		6,799		5,567		1,618		5,821		36	
Residential		1,616		1,304		301		1,312			
Home equity		247		214		15		215			
Total	\$	20,290	\$	16,050	\$	5,379	\$	16,896	\$	47	
Total Impaired Loans	\$	145,526	\$	94,390	\$	5,379	\$	96,895	\$	418	

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

				Decen	nber 31,2011				
Impaired loans with no related allowance:	Pı	Inpaid rincipal Balance	ecorded vestment		Related lowance	F	Average Recorded nvestment		Interest Income ecognized
Commercial and industrial	\$	23,364	\$ 10,116			\$	13,399	\$	615
Real Estate Loans:									
Construction		14,301	7,701				8,836		
Commercial and farm land		49,242	34,571				39,032		591
Residential		7,491	6,185				6,539		20
Home equity		4,425	1,241				1,500		15
Other loans		99	 21				24		
Total	\$	98,922	\$ 59,835			\$	69,330	\$	1,241
Impaired loans with related allowance:									
Commercial and industrial	\$	8,691	\$ 8,104	\$	4,142	\$	8,196	\$	174
Real Estate Loans:									
Construction		961	961		321		961		
Commercial and farm land		12,115	8,748		2,183		10,028		140
Residential		1,888	1,575		391		1,687		7
Other loans		579	 552		559		590	_	
Total	\$	24,234	\$ 19,940	\$	7,596	\$	21,462	\$	321
Total Impaired Loans	\$	123,156	\$ 79,775	\$	7,596	\$	90,792	\$	1,562

In addition to the impaired loans outlined above, the Corporation has identified \$4,580,000 in non-accrual residential mortgage loans which have been deemed impaired in accordance with ASC 310. Specific reserves totaling \$516,000 have been set on 17 of these loans with a total principal balance of \$1,749,000.

As part of the ongoing monitoring of the credit quality of the Corporation's loan portfolio, management tracks certain credit quality indicators including trends related to: (i) the level of criticized commercial loans, (ii) net charge offs, (iii) non-performing loans and (iv) the general national and local economic conditions.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The Corporation utilizes a risk grading of pass, special mention, substandard, doubtful and loss to assess the overall credit quality of large commercial loans. All large commercial credit grades are reviewed at a minimum of once a year for pass grade loans. Loans with grades below pass are reviewed more frequently depending on the grade. A description of the general characteristics of these grades is as follows:

- Pass Loans that are considered to be of acceptable credit quality.
  - Special Mention Loans which possess some credit deficiency or potential weakness, which deserves close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the Corporation's credit position at some future date. Special mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose the Corporation to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification. Such loans pose an unwarranted financial risk that, if not corrected, could weaken the loan adversely impacting the future repayment ability of the borrower. The key distinctions of this category's classification are that it is indicative of an unwarranted level of risk; and weaknesses are considered "potential", not "defined", impairments to the primary source of repayment. Examples include businesses that may be suffering from inadequate management, loss of key personnel or significant customer or litigation.
- Substandard A substandard loan is inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified have a well-defined weakness that jeopardizes the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Corporation will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Other characteristics may include:
  - o the likelihood that a loan will be paid from the primary source of repayment is uncertain or financial deterioration is underway and very close attention is warranted to ensure that the loan is collected without loss,
  - o the primary source of repayment is gone, and the Corporation is forced to rely on a secondary source of repayment, such as collateral liquidation or guarantees,
  - o loans have a distinct possibility that the Corporation will sustain some loss if deficiencies are not corrected,
  - o unusual courses of action are needed to maintain a high probability of repayment,
  - o the borrower is not generating enough cash flow to repay loan principal; however, it continues to make interest payments,
  - o the Corporation is forced into a subordinated or unsecured position due to flaws in documentation,
  - o loans have been restructured so that payment schedules, terms and collateral represent concessions to the borrower when compared to the normal loan terms.
  - o the Corporation is seriously contemplating foreclosure or legal action due to the apparent deterioration of the loan, and
  - o there is significant deterioration in market conditions to which the borrower is highly vulnerable.
- Doubtful Loans that have all of the weaknesses of those classified as Substandard. However, based on currently existing facts, conditions and values, these weaknesses make full collection of principal highly questionable and improbable. Other credit characteristics may include the primary source of repayment is gone or there is considerable doubt as to the quality of the secondary sources of repayment. The possibility of loss is high, but because of certain important pending factors that may strengthen the loan, loss classification is deferred until the exact status of repayment is known.
- Loss Loans that are considered uncollectible and of such little value that continuing to carry them as an asset is not warranted. Loans will be classified as Loss when it is neither practical not desirable to defer writing off or reserving all or a portion of a basically worthless asset, even though partial recovery may be possible at some time in the future.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The following table summarizes the credit quality of the Corporation's loan portfolio, by loan class for the periods indicated. Consumer Non-Performing loans include accruing consumer loans 90 plus days delinquent and consumer non-accrual loans. The entire balance of a loan is considered delinquent if the minimum payment contractually required to be made is not received by the specified date.

	Communical					March 31, 2012							
	Commercial Pass	Commercial Special Mention	Commercial Substandard	Commercial Doubtful	Consumer Performing	Consumer Non- Performing	Total Loans						
Commercial and industrial	\$ 488,938	\$ 29,439	\$ 25,189	\$ 2,738			\$ 546,304						
Agriculture production financing and other													
loans	94,903	1,402	860				97,165						
Real Estate Loans:													
Construction	68,157	2,614	21,746			\$ 177	92,694						
Commercial and farm land	1,049,295	71,593	106,682	951		674	1,229,195						
Residential	145,235	10,129	17,549	378	\$ 317,222	7,841	498,354						
Home equity	17,663	790	2,698		187,935	1,478	210,564						
Individuals loans for household and other													
personal													
expenditures					78,561	150	78,711						
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned													
income			9		3,103		3,112						
Other loans	36,856	15	19				36,890						
Total	\$ 1,901,047	\$ 115,982	\$ 174,752	\$ 4,067	\$ 586,821	\$ 10,320	\$ 2,792,989						

			De	cember 31, 201	1		
	Commercial Pass	Commercial Special Mention	Commercial Substandard	Commercial Doubtful	Consumer Performing	Consumer Non- Performing	Total Loans
Commercial and industrial	\$ 478,885	\$ 22,405	\$ 28,025	\$ 3,208			\$ 532,523
Agriculture production financing and other							
loans	101,289	1,582	1,655				104,526
Real Estate Loans:							
Construction	47,611	3,672	22,376		\$ 7,762	\$ 359	81,780
Commercial and farm land	1,033,397	54,697	103,330	1,724	1,035	47	1,194,230
Residential	139,237	9,175	16,699	500	308,306	7,576	481,493
Home equity	15,912	499	3,317		170,776	1,127	191,631
Individuals loans for household and other							
personal							
expenditures					84,121	51	84,172
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned							
income					3,555		3,555
Other loans	38,917	15	21	552			39,505
Total	\$ 1,855,248	\$ 92,045	\$ 175,423	\$ 5,984	\$ 575,555	\$ 9,160	\$ 2,713,415

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued

The following table shows a past due aging of the Corporation's loan portfolio, by loan class for March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011:

	March 31, 2012														
						Loa	ns > 90			To	tal Past Due				
		30-	59 Days	60-8	39 Days	Da	ys And		Non-		& Non-		Total		
	Current	Pa	Past Due		st Due	Ac	Accruing Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Loans
Commercial and industrial	\$ 527,361	\$	2,479	\$	289	\$	18	\$	16,157	\$	18,943	\$	546,304		
Agriculture production financing and other loans	97,079				86						86		97,165		
Real Estate Loans:															
Construction	81,676		912		5				10,101		11,018		92,694		
Commercial and farm land	1,186,360		7,011		3,136		126		32,562		42,835	1	,229,195		
Residential	477,799		5,328		1,426		51		13,750		20,555		498,354		
Home equity	207,411		966		401		58		1,728		3,153		210,564		
Individuals loans for household and other															
personal expenditures	77,900		601		60				150		811		78,711		
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned															
income	3,112												3,112		
Other loans	36,882								8		8		36,890		
Total	\$ 2,695,580	\$	17,297	\$	5,403	\$	253	\$	74,456	\$	97,409	\$2	2,792,989		

		December 31, 2011																			
						Lo	ans > 90			To	tal Past Due										
		30	-59 Days	60-	89 Days	Da	ys And	Non-			& Non-		Total								
	Current	P	Past Due		Past Due		Accruing		Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Accrual		Loans
Commercial and industrial	\$ 518,764	\$	1,332	\$	135	\$	46	\$	12,246	\$	13,759	\$	532,523								
Agriculture production financing and other loans	104,464		62								62		104,526								
Real Estate Loans:																					
Construction	69,305		328		3,126		31		8,990		12,475		81,780								
Commercial and farm land	1,140,897		16,457		5,783				31,093		53,333	-	1,194,230								
Residential	458,925		5,485		2,087		191		14,805		22,568		481,493								
Home equity	187,788		1,096		590		261		1,896		3,843		191,631								
Individuals loans for household and other																					
personal expenditures	82,837		1,075		208		51		1		1,335		84,172								
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned																					
income	3,555												3,555								
Other loans	38,944								561		561		39,505								
Total	\$ 2,605,479	\$	25,835	\$	11,929	\$	580	\$	69,592	\$	107,936	\$ 2	2,713,415								

See the information regarding the analysis of loan loss experience in the Loan Quality/Provision for Loan Losses section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included as ITEM 2 of this Form 10-Q.

Given recent economic conditions, borrowers of all types are experiencing declines in income and cash flow. As a result, borrowers are occasionally seeking to reduce contractual cash outlays including debt payments. Concurrently, in an effort to preserve and protect its earning assets, specifically troubled loans, the Corporation is working to maintain its relationship with certain customers who are experiencing financial difficulty by contractually modifying the borrower's debt agreement with the Corporation. In certain loan restructuring situations, the Corporation may grant a concession to a debtor experiencing financial difficulty, resulting in a trouble debt restructuring. A concession is deemed to be granted when, as a result of the restructuring, the Corporation does not expect to collect all amounts due, including interest accrued at the original contract rate. If the payment of principal at original maturity is primarily dependent on the value of collateral, the current value of the collateral is considered in determining whether the principal will be paid.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

The following tables summarize troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the period:

		March 31, 2012								
	Pre-Mo Recorde		odification ed Balance	Number of Loans						
Commercial and industrial	\$	238	\$	238	2					
Real Estate Loans:										
Commercial and farm land		1,774		1,635	2					
Residential		224		224	4					
Total	\$	2,236	\$	2,097	8					

	Three Month Ended March 31, 2012							
	T	Term		ate			Total	
	Mod	ification	Modif	ication	Combinati	on	Mod	lification
Commercial and industrial	\$	238	\$	22			\$	238
Real Estate Loans:								
Commercial and farm land		1,635						1,635
Residential		199			\$	25		224
Total	\$	2,072	\$	22	\$	25	\$	2,097

Residential real estate loans account for 50 percent of the troubled debt restructured loans made in the three months ending March 31, 2012. All troubled debt restructured loans made during the reporting period are in an accruing status as of the March 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes troubled debt restructures that occurred between April 1, 2011, and March 31, 2012, that subsequently defaulted during the period:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2012

**Three Months Ended** 

	Number of Loans	Record	led Balance
Real Estate Loans:			
Commercial and farm land	1	\$	717
Residential	3		217
Total	4	\$	934

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 4. Loans and Allowance continued**

For potential consumer loan restructures, impairment evaluation occurs prior to modification. Any subsequent impairment is typically addressed through the charge off process, or may be addressed through a specific reserve. Consumer troubled debt restructurings are generally included in the general historical allowance for loan loss at the post modification balance. Consumer non-accrual and delinquent troubled debt restructurings are also considered in the calculation of the non-accrual and delinquency trend environmental allowance allocation. Commercial troubled debt restructured loans risk graded special mention, substandard, doubtful and loss are individually evaluated for impairment under ASC 310. Any resulting specific reserves are included in the allowance for loan losses. Commercial 30 – 89 day delinquent troubled debt restructurings are included in the calculation of the delinquency trend environmental allowance allocation. All commercial non-impaired loans, including non-accrual and 90+ day delinquents, are included in the ASC 450 loss migration analysis.

### **NOTE 5. Derivative Financial Instruments**

### Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Corporation is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Corporation principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Corporation manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk, primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its assets and liabilities and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, the Corporation enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. The Corporation's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of the Corporation's known or expected cash payments principally related to certain variable-rate liabilities. The Corporation also has derivatives that are a result of a service the Corporation provides to certain qualifying customers, and, therefore, are not used to manage interest rate risk in the Corporation's assets or liabilities.

### Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Corporation's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish these objectives, the Corporation primarily uses interest rate swaps and interest rate caps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the payment of fixed amounts to a counterparty in exchange for the Corporation receiving variable payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. Interest rate caps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty if interest rates rise above the strike rate on the contract in exchange for an up-front premium. As of March 31, 2012, the Corporation had two interest rate swaps with a notional amount of \$26.0 million and one interest rate cap with a notional amount of \$13.0 million that were designated as cash flow hedges.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. During 2012, such derivatives were used to hedge the forecasted LIBOR-based outflows associated with existing trust preferred securities when the outflows convert from a fixed rate to variable rate in September 2012. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011, the Corporation did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Corporation's variable-rate liabilities. During the next twelve months, the Corporation does not expect to reclassify any amounts from accumulated other comprehensive income to interest expense.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 5. Derivative Financial Instruments continued

Non-designated Hedges

The Corporation does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. Derivatives not designated as hedges are not speculative and result from a service the Corporation provides to certain customers. The Corporation executes interest rate swaps with commercial banking customers to facilitate their respective risk management strategies. Those interest rate swaps are simultaneously hedged by offsetting interest rate swaps that the Corporation executes with a third party, such that the Corporation minimizes its net risk exposure resulting from such transactions. As the interest rate swaps associated with this program do not meet the strict hedge accounting requirements, changes in the fair value of both the customer swaps and the offsetting swaps are recognized directly in earnings. As of March 31, 2012, the notional amount of customer-facing swaps was approximately \$112,860,000. This amount is offset with third party counterparties, as described above.

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments on the Balance Sheet

The table below presents the fair value of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments, as well as their classification on the Balance Sheet, as of March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

		Asset Der	rivatives		Liability Derivatives					
	March 31,	2012	December 3	31, 2011	March 31,	2012	December 3	1, 2011		
	Balance Balance Sheet Fair Sheet Location Value Location		Fair Balance Sheet Value Location		Fair Balance Sh Value Location		Fair Value			
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest rate contracts	Other Assets	\$ 409	Other Assets	\$ 424	Other Liabilities	\$ 1,823	Other Liabilities	\$ 2,305		
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest rate contracts	Other Assets	\$ 4,862	Other Assets	\$ 5,241	Other Liabilities	\$ 5,111	Other Liabilities	\$ 5,492		

Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Income Statement

The tables below present the effect of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments on the Income Statement for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011.

	Derivatives Not Designated	Location of Gain (Loss)	Amount of Gain (Loss)		Amount of Gain (Loss)	)
	as Hedging Instruments	Recognized Income on	Recognized Income on		Recognized Income on	1
	under ASC 815-10	Derivative	Derivative	Derivative		
			Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
			March 31, 2012		March 31, 2011	
Ī	Interest rate contracts	Other income	\$ 3	}	\$	23

The Corporation's exposure to credit risk occurs because of nonperformance by its counterparties. The counterparties approved by the Corporation are usually financial institutions, which are well capitalized and have credit ratings through Moody's and/or Standard & Poor's, at or above investment grade. The Corporation's control of such risk is through quarterly financial reviews, comparing mark-to-mark values with policy limitations, credit ratings and collateral pledging.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### NOTE 5. Derivative Financial Instruments continued

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

The Corporation has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Corporation fails to maintain its status as a well or adequate capitalized institution, then the Corporation could be required to terminate or fully collateralize all outstanding derivative contracts.

The Corporation has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Corporation defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, the Corporation could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations.

As of March 31, 2012, the termination value of derivatives in a net liability position related to these agreements was \$7,010,000. As of March 31, 2012, the Corporation had minimum collateral posting thresholds with certain of its derivative counterparties and had posted collateral of \$6,442,000. If the Corporation had breached any of these provisions at March 31, 2012, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at their termination value.

### Note 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Corporation has adopted fair value accounting guidance that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

<u>Level 2</u> Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in active markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### Note 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

### **Recurring Measurements**

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

Enin Value Massurements Heing

				Fair Value Measurements Using					
N	Iarch 31, 2012	Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Ğ	nificant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Α	vailable for sale securities:								
	U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities	\$	5,026		\$	5,026			
	State and municipal		150,009			130,340	\$	19,669	
	U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		378,869			378,869			
	Corporate obligations		11,574			11,369		205	
	Equity securities		1,830			1,826		4	

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets	0	cant Other		gnificant		
December 31, 2011		Fair Value	for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Available for sale securities:									
U.S. Government-sponsored agency securities	\$	117		\$	117				
State and municipal		147,353			126,712	\$	20,641		
U.S. Government-sponsored mortgage-backed securities		368,998			368,998				
Corporate obligations		193					193		
Equity securities		1,830			1,826		4		
Interest rate swap asset		5,241					5,241		
Interest rate cap		424					424		
Interest rate swap liability		(7,797)					(7,797)		

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

### Available for Sale Investment Securities

Where quoted, market prices are available in an active market and securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. There are no securities classified within Level 1 of the hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 securities include agencies, mortgage backs, state and municipal, corporate obligations and equity securities. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. Level 3 fair value, including corporate obligations, state and municipal and equity securities, was determined using a discounted cash flow model that incorporated market estimates of interest rates and volatility in markets that have not been active.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

Third party vendors compile prices from various sources and may apply such techniques as matrix pricing to determine the value of identical or similar investment securities classified within Level 2. Matrix pricing is a mathematical technique widely used in the banking industry to value investment securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for specific investment securities but rather relying on the investment securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted investment securities. Any investment security not valued based upon the methods above are considered Level 3.

### Pooled Trust Preferred Securities

Pooled trust preferred securities in the portfolio amount to \$5.8 million in amortized cost, with a fair value of \$174,000; all of which are classified as Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. These securities were rated A or better at inception, but at March 31, 2012, Moody's ratings on these securities ranged from Ca to C. The issuers in these securities are primarily banks, but some of the pools do include a limited number of insurance companies. On a quarterly basis, the Corporation uses an other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") evaluation process to compare the present value of expected cash flows to determine whether an adverse change in cash flows has occurred. The OTTI evaluation process considers the structure and term of the collateralized debt obligation ("CDO"), interest rates, principal balances of note classes and underlying issuers, the timing and amount of interest and principal payments of the underlying issuers, and the allocation of the payments to the note classes. The current estimate of expected cash flows is based on the most recent trustee reports and any other relevant market information including announcements of interest payment deferrals or defaults of underlying trust preferred securities. Assumptions used in the evaluation process include expected future default rates and prepayments as well as recovery assumptions on defaults and deferrals. In addition, the process is used to "stress" each CDO, or make assumptions more severe than expected activity, to determine the degree to which assumptions could deteriorate before the CDO could no longer fully support repayment of the Corporation's note class. Upon completion of the March 31, 2012, quarterly evaluation process, the conclusion was no additional OTTI impairment for the three months ending March 31, 2012. The Corporation recognized OTTI impairment of \$400,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

### **Level 3 Reconciliation**

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of recurring fair value measurements recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012							
	for	ilable Sale urities	Intere Rate Sv Asse	wap	Interest Rate Cap		Interest Rate Swap Liability	
Balance at beginning of the period	\$	20,838	\$	5,241	\$ 424	. 9	(7,797)	
Total realized and unrealized gains and losses:								
Included in net income (loss)				(860)			863	
Included in other comprehensive income		(523)		481	(15	i)		
Transfers in/(out) of Level 3			(	(4,862)	(409	1)	6,934	
Principal payments		(437)						
Ending balance at March 31, 2012	\$	19,878	\$	-	\$	. \$	5 -	

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011								
	Available for Sale		Interest				1	nterest	
			Ra	te Swap	Interest			ate Swap	
	Securities	Securities		Asset		Rate Cap		Liability	
Balance at beginning of the period	\$ 1	.86	\$	4,002	\$	1,109	\$	(3,876)	
Total realized and unrealized gains and losses:									
Included in net income (loss)	(4	.00)		(474)				497	
Included in other comprehensive income	3	22		119		15			
Principal payments		65							
Ending balance at March 31, 2011	\$ 1	.73	\$	3,647	\$	1,124	\$	(3,379)	

There were no gains or losses for the period included in earnings that were attributable to the changes in unrealized gains or losses related to assets or liabilities held at March 31, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

### **Transfers Between Levels**

Transfer between Levels 1, 2 and 3 and the reasons for those transfers are as follows:

Transfers from Level:	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Reason for Transfer
Tunsters from Level.				The interest rate swap and cap instruments were transferred
Interest rate swap asset			\$ 4,86	from Level 3 to Level 2 as of March 31, 2012 due to the availability of observable
				inputs. These instruments are valued using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis
Interest rate cap			40	9 using
r				observable inputs such as contractual terms and Libor-based
Interest rate swap liability			6,93	34 rate curves.
Total Transfers from Level			\$ 12,20	05
Transfers to Level:				
				The interest rate swap and cap instruments were transferred
Interest rate swap asset		\$ 4,862		from Level 3 to Level 2 as of March 31, 2012 due to the availability of observable
Interest rate swap asset		\$ 4,002		inputs. These instruments are valued using widely accepted
				valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis
Interest rate cap		409		using
				observable inputs such as contractual terms and Libor-based
Interest rate swap liability		6,934		rate curves.
Total Transfers to Level		\$ 12,205		

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

### **Nonrecurring Measurements**

The following table presents the fair value measurement of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

			Fair Value			
March 31, 2012	Fa	air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Uno	gnificant bservable its (Level 3)
Impaired loans	\$	14,032			\$	14,032
Other real estate owned (collateral dependent)	\$	3,670			\$	3,670
	Fair Value Measurements Using					· : C: +
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical	Significant Other Observable	Uno	gnificant bservable ıts (Level
December 31, 2011	Fa	air Value	Assets (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)		3)
Impaired loans	\$	22,885			\$	22,885
Other real estate owned (collateral dependent)	\$	7,882			\$	7,882

Following is a description of valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

### Impaired Loans (collateral dependent) and Other Real Estate Owned

Loan impairment is reported when substantial doubt about the collectability of scheduled payments exists. Impaired loans are carried at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate, or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. A portion of the allowance for loan losses is allocated to impaired loans if the value of such loans is deemed to be less than the unpaid balance. If these allocations cause the allowance for loan losses to increase, such increase is reported as a component of the provision for loan losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of the loan is confirmed. During the first three months of 2012, certain impaired loans were partially charged-off or re-evaluated. The valuation would be considered Level 3, consisting of appraisals of underlying collateral and discounted cash flow analysis.

The fair value for impaired loans and other real estate owned is measured based on the value of the collateral securing those loans or real estate and is determined using several methods. The fair value of real estate is generally determined based on appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers. The appraisers typically determine the value of the real estate by utilizing an income or market valuation approach. If an appraisal is not available, the fair value may be determined by using a cash flow analysis. Fair value on other collateral such as business assets is typically calculated by using financial information such as financial statements and aging reports provided by the borrower and is discounted as considered appropriate.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

### **Unobservable (Level 3) Inputs**

The following table presents quantitative information about unobservable inputs used in recurring and nonrecurring Level 3 fair value measurements, other than goodwill, at March 31, 2012.

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range
State and municipal securities	\$ 19,669	Discounted cash flow	Maturity/Call date Blend of US Muni BQ curve Discount rate	3 month to 13 yrs A- to BBB- 1% - 4%
Corporate obligations/ Equity securities	\$ 209	Discounted cash flow	Risk free rate plus Premium for illiquidity	3 month libor plus 200bps
Impaired loans (collateral dependent)	\$ 14,032	Collateral based measurements	Discount to reflect current market conditions and ultimate collectability	0% - 50%
Other real estate owned	\$ 3,670	Appraisals	Discount to reflect current market conditions	0% - 20%

### **Sensitivity of Significant Unobservable Inputs**

The following is a discussion of the sensitivity of significant unobservable inputs, the interrelationships between those inputs and other unobservable inputs used in recurring fair value measurement and of how those inputs might magnify or mitigate the effect of changes in the unobservable inputs on the fair value measurement.

### State and Municipal Securities

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Corporation's state and municipal securities are premiums for unrated securities and marketability discounts. Significant increases or decreases in either of those inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. Generally, changes in either of those inputs will not affect the other input.

### Corporate Obligations/Equity Securities

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Corporation's corporate obligations/equity securities are premiums for unrated securities and marketability discounts. Significant increases or decreases in either of those inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. Generally, changes in either of those inputs will not affect the other input.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The following table presents estimated fair values of the Corporation's financial instruments and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011.

		March 31, 2012 (unaudited) Quoted Prices in							
		Carrying Amount		Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:									
Cash and due from banks	\$	60,991	\$	60,991					
Interest-bearing time deposits		34,290		34,290					
Investment securities available for sale		547,308			\$	527,430	\$	19,878	
Investment securities held to maturity		412,724				414,477		13,156	
Mortgage loans held for sale		22,138				22,138			
Loans		2,722,620						2,727,950	
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank									
stock		33,026				33,026			
Derivative Instruments		5,271				5,271			
Interest receivable		16,730				16,730			
Liabilities:									
Deposits	\$	3,279,578	\$	2,272,873	\$	1,002,457			
Borrowings:									
Federal funds purchased		10,936				10,936			
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		139,308				139,964			
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		131,496				134,521			
Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines	and								
term loans		115,969				68,580			
Derivative Instruments		6,934				6,934			
Interest payable		2,094				2,094			

	December 31, 2011 (unaudited) Quoted Prices in Active Markets Significant Other for Observable				1	Significant Unobservable		
	Carrying Amount		Identical Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:								
Cash and due from banks	\$	73,312	\$	73,312				
Interest-bearing time deposits		52,851		52,851				
Investment securities available for sale		518,491			\$	497,653	\$	20,838
Investment securities held to maturity		427,909				428,737		13,732
Mortgage loans held for sale		17,864				17,864		
Loans		2,642,517						2,658,227
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank								
stock		31,270				31,270		
Derivative Instruments		5,665						5,665
Interest receivable		17,723				17,723		
Liabilities:								
Deposits	\$	3,134,655	\$	2,195,679	\$	944,078		
Borrowings:								
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		156,305				157,342		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		138,095				141,693		
Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and								
term loans		194,974				142,632		
Derivative Instruments		7,797						7,797
Interest payable		2,925				2,925		

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### NOTE 6. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities continued

The following methods were used to estimate the fair value of all other financial instruments recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets at amounts other than fair value.

Cash and due from banks: The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximates carrying value.

Interest-bearing time deposits: The fair value of interest-bearing time deposits approximates carrying value.

*Investment securities*: Fair value is based on quoted market prices, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Mortgage Loans Held For Sale: The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the insignificant time between origination and date of sale.

Loans: The fair value for loans is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. See Impaired Loans above.

*Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock*: The fair value of Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock is based on the price which it may be resold to the Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank.

*Derivative instruments*: The fair value of the derivatives reflects the estimated amounts that would have been received to terminate these contracts at the reporting date based upon pricing or valuation models applied to current market information. Interest rate caps are valued using the market standard methodology of discounting the future expected cash receipts that would occur if variable interest rates rose above the strike rate of the caps. The projected cash receipts on the caps are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from observed market interest rate curves and volatilities.

Interest Receivable and Interest Payable: The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Deposits: The fair values of noninterest-bearing and interest-bearing demand accounts and savings deposits are equal to the amount payable on demand at the balance sheet date. The carrying amounts for variable rate, fixed-term certificates of deposit approximate their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair values for fixed-rate certificates of deposit and other time deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on such time deposits.

Federal funds purchased: The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Borrowings: The fair value of borrowings is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation, based on current rates for similar debt.

### **NOTE 7. Share-Based Compensation**

Stock options and restricted stock awards ("RSAs") have been issued to directors, officers and other management employees under the Corporation's 1999 Long-term Equity Incentive Plan and the 2009 Long-term Equity Incentive Plan. The stock options, which have a ten-year life, become 100 percent vested ranging from three months to two years and are fully exercisable when vested. Option exercise prices equal the Corporation's common stock closing price on NASDAQ on the date of grant. RSAs provide for the issuance of shares of the Corporation's common stock at no cost to the holder and generally vest after three years. The RSAs vest only if the employee is actively employed by the Corporation on the vesting date and, therefore, any unvested shares are forfeited. Deferred stock units ("DSUs") can be credited to non-employee directors who have elected to defer payment of compensation under the Corporation's 2008 Equity Compensation Plan for Non-employee Directors. DSUs credited are equal to the restricted shares that the non-employee director would have received under the plan. As of March 31, 2012, there were no outstanding DSUs.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

### **NOTE 7. Share-Based Compensation continued**

The Corporation's 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") provides eligible employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries an opportunity to purchase shares of common stock of the Corporation through quarterly offerings financed by payroll deductions. The price of the stock to be paid by the employees shall be equal to 85 percent of the average of the closing price of the Corporation's common stock on each trading day during the offering period. However, in no event shall such purchase price be less than the lesser of an amount equal to 85 percent of the market price of the Corporation's stock on the offering date or an amount equal to 85 percent of the market value on the date of purchase. Common stock purchases are made quarterly and are paid through advance payroll deductions up to a calendar year maximum of \$25,000.

Compensation expense related to unvested share-based awards is recorded by recognizing the unamortized grant date fair value of these awards over the remaining service periods of those awards, with no change in historical reported fair values and earnings. Awards are valued at fair value in accordance with provisions of share-based compensation guidance and are recognized on a straight-line basis over the service periods of each award. To complete the exercise of vested stock options, RSA's and ESPP options, the Corporation generally issues new shares from its authorized but unissued share pool. Share-based compensation for the three months ended March 31, 2012, was \$325,000 compared to \$368,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Share-based compensation has been recognized as a component of salaries and benefits expense in the accompanying CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME.

The estimated fair value of the stock options granted during 2012 and in prior years was calculated using a Black Scholes option pricing model. The following summarizes the assumptions used in the 2012 Black Scholes model:

Risk-free interest rate	1.36%
Expected price volatility	46.22%
Dividend yield	3.29%
Forfeiture rate	4.77%
Weighted-average expected life, until exercise	7.2 years

The Black Scholes model incorporates assumptions to value share-based awards. The risk-free rate of interest, for periods equal to the expected life of the option, is based on a U.S. Government instrument over a similar contractual term of the equity instrument. Expected price volatility is based on historical volatility of the Corporation's common stock. In addition, the Corporation generally uses historical information to determine the dividend yield and weighted-average expected life of the options until exercise. Separate groups of employees that have similar historical exercise behavior with regard to option exercise timing and forfeiture rates are considered separately for valuation and attribution purposes.

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME is based on awards ultimately expected to vest and is reduced for estimated forfeitures. Share-based compensation guidance requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods, if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. Pre-vesting forfeitures were estimated to be approximately 4.8 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2012, based on historical experience.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 7. Share-Based Compensation continued**

The following table summarizes the components of the Corporation's share-based compensation awards recorded as expense:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2	012		2011	
Stock and ESPP Options					
Pre-tax compensation expense	\$	46	\$	71	
Income tax benefit				(1)	
Stock and ESPP option expense, net of income taxes	\$	46	\$	70	
Restricted Stock Awards					
Pre-tax compensation expense	\$	280	\$	297	
Income tax benefit		(106)		(102)	
Restricted stock awards expense, net of income taxes	\$	174	\$	195	
Total Share-Based Compensation:					
Pre-tax compensation expense	\$	326	\$	368	
Income tax benefit		(106)		(103)	
Total share-based compensation expense, net of income taxes	\$	220	\$	265	

As of March 31, 2012, unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options and RSAs totaling \$161,000 and \$2,454,000, respectively, is expected to be recognized over weighted-average periods of 1.39 and 1.86 years, respectively.

Stock option activity under the Corporation's stock option plans as of March 31, 2012, and changes during the three months ended March 31, 2012, were as follows:

		Weighted Average					
	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price		Average		Remaining Contractual Term (in Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2012	1,035,871	\$	22.57				
Granted	33,301	\$	11.38				
Cancelled	(1,552)	\$	13.84				
Outstanding March 31, 2012	1,067,620	\$	22.24	4.30	584,656		
Vested and Expected to Vest at March 31, 2012	1,067,620	\$	22.24	4.30	584,656		
Exercisable at March 31, 2012	1,000,320	\$	23.04	3.96	444,983		

The weighted-average grant date fair value was \$3.86 for stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the Corporation's closing stock price on the last trading day of the first three months of 2012 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their stock options on March 31, 2012. The amount of aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Corporation's common stock. There were no stock options exercised during the first three months of 2012.

The following table summarizes information on unvested RSAs outstanding as of March 31, 2012:

	Number of	Weighted-Average Number of Grant Date Fair Shares Value		
	Shares			
Unvested RSAs at January 1, 2012	338,087	\$	8.65	
Granted	136,023	\$	11.40	
Forfeited	(975)	\$	7.61	
Vested	(67,487)	\$	12.63	
Unvested RSAs at March 31, 2012	405,648	\$	8.89	

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### **NOTE 7. Share-Based Compensation continued**

The grant date fair value of ESPP options was estimated at the beginning of the January 1, 2012, quarterly offering period of approximately \$29,570. The ESPP options vested during the three months ending March 31, 2012, leaving no unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested ESPP options at March 31, 2012.

#### **NOTE 8. Income tax**

	2012		2012 201	
Income Tax Expense for the Three Months Ended March 31:				
Currently payable:				
Federal	\$	818	\$	(452)
State				
Deferred:				
Federal		4,682		2,851
State				
Total Income Tax Expense	\$	5,500	\$	2,399
Reconciliation of Federal Statutory to Actual Tax Expense:				
Federal statutory income tax at 35%	\$	6,955	\$	2,751
Tax-exempt interest income		(931)		(916)
Non-deductible interest expense				209
Stock compensation		16		24
Earnings on life insurance		(483)		(202)
Tax credits		(18)		(13)
Other		(39)		546
Actual Tax Expense	\$	5,500	\$	2,399

#### **NOTE 9. Net Income Per Share**

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the combination of all dilutive common share equivalents, comprised of shares issuable under the Corporation's share-based compensation plans, and the weighted-average shares outstanding during the reporting period.

Dilutive common share equivalents include the dilutive effect of in-the-money share-based awards, which are calculated based on the average share price for each period using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the exercise price of share-based awards, the amount of compensation expense, if any, for future service that the Corporation has not yet recognized, and the amount of estimated tax benefits that would be recorded in additional paid-in capital when share-based awards are exercised, are assumed to be used to repurchase common stock in the current period.

Three Months Ended March 31,

		2012			2011	
		Weighted-	Per		Weighted-	Per
	Net	Average	Share	Net	Average	Share
	Income	Shares	Amount	Income	Shares	Amount
	A 4 4 DE4			Φ 5 404		_

	Income		1100		Tiverage Share			1100	ice micrage		ondi c	
			Shares	Amount		Income		Shares	Amount			
Basic net income per share:	\$	14,371				\$	5,461					
Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion		1,135					988					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	13,236	28,582,616	\$	0.46	\$	4,473	25,605,571	\$	0.17		
Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants			172,097					157,807				
Diluted net income per share:												
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	13,236	28,754,713	\$	0.46	\$	4,473	25,763,378	\$	0.17		

Stock options to purchase 967,987 and 1,014,352 shares for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011, respectively, were not included in the earnings per share calculation because the exercise price exceeded the average market price.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### Note 10. Impact of Accounting Changes

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities: In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-11 "Balance Sheet (Topic 210) - Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities." ASU 2011-11 requires an entity to disclose both gross information and net information about both instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the statement of financial position and instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. ASU 2011-11 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. Retrospective disclosure is required for all comparative periods presented. The Corporation is assessing the impact of ASU 2011-11 on its disclosures.

<u>Goodwill:</u> In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08 "Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) - Testing Goodwill for Impairment." ASU 2011-08 allows an entity the option to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of goodwill impairment to determine whether it should calculate the fair value of the reporting unit. ASU 2011-08 was effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption was permitted. The Corporation does not expect an impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

Comprehensive Income: In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05 "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) - Presentation of Comprehensive Income." ASU 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. In December 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12 which defers the effective date of the requirement in ASU 2011-05 to present items that are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income alongside their respective components of net income and other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 was effective retrospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The effect of applying this standard is reflected in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Fair Value Measurements: In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04 "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) - Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs." ASU 2011-04 changed the wording used to describe many of the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. Consequently, the amendments in this update result in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs (International Financial Reporting Standards). ASU 2011-04 was effective prospectively during interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. Early application by public entities was not permitted. The effect of applying this standard is included in Note 6. Disclosures about Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities included in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q.

<u>Transfers and Servicing:</u> In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-03 "*Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) - Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreement.*" ASU 2011-03 removed from the assessment of effective control the criterion relating to the transferor's ability to repurchase or redeem financial assets on substantially the agreed terms, even in the event of default by the transferee. ASU 2011-03 was effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The guidance should be applied prospectively to transactions or modifications of existing transactions that occurred on or after the effective date. Early adoption was not permitted. ASU 2011-03 did not have an impact on the Corporation's financial condition, results of operations, or disclosures.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

From time to time, we include forward-looking statements in our oral and written communication. We may include forward-looking statements in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, such as this Form 10-Q, in other written materials and in oral statements made by senior management to analysts, investors, representatives of the media and others. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and we are including this statement for purposes of these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements can often be identified by the use of words like "believe", "continue", "pattern", "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "expect" and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will", "would", "should", "could", "might", "can", "may", or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements include:

- statements of our goals, intentions and expectations;
- statements regarding our business plan and growth strategies;
- statements regarding the asset quality of our loan and investment portfolios; and
- estimates of our risks and future costs and benefits.

These forward-looking statements are subject to significant risks, assumptions and uncertainties, including, among other things, the following important factors which could affect the actual outcome of future events:

- fluctuations in market rates of interest and loan and deposit pricing, which could negatively affect our net interest margin, asset valuations and expense expectations;
- adverse changes in the economy, which might affect our business prospects and could cause credit-related losses and expenses;
- adverse developments in our loan and investment portfolios;
- competitive factors in the banking industry, such as the trend towards consolidation in our market;
- changes in the banking legislation or the regulatory requirements of federal and state agencies applicable to bank holding companies and banks like our affiliate banks;
- acquisitions of other businesses by us and integration of such acquired businesses;
- · changes in market, economic, operational, liquidity, credit and interest rate risks associated with our business; and
- the continued availability of earnings and excess capital sufficient for the lawful and prudent declaration and payment of cash dividends.

Because of these and other uncertainties, our actual future results may be materially different from the results indicated by these forward-looking statements. In addition, our past results of operations do not necessarily indicate our anticipated future results.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Generally accepted accounting principles are complex and require us to apply significant judgments to various accounting, reporting and disclosure matters. We must use assumptions and estimates to apply these principles where actual measurement is not possible or practical. For a complete discussion of our significant accounting policies, see "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. Certain policies are considered critical because they are highly dependent upon subjective or complex judgments, assumptions and estimates. Changes in such estimates may have a significant impact on the financial statements. We have reviewed the application of these policies with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

We believe there have been no significant changes during the three months ended March 31, 2012, to the items that we disclosed as our critical accounting policies and estimates in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

#### **BUSINESS SUMMARY**

First Merchants Corporation (the "Corporation") is a financial holding company headquartered in Muncie, Indiana and was organized in September 1982. The Corporation's Common Stock is traded on NASDAQ's Global Select Market System under the symbol FRME. The Corporation has one full-service bank charter, First Merchants Bank, National Association (the "Bank"), which opened for business in Muncie, Indiana, in March 1893. The Bank also operates Lafayette Bank and Trust, Commerce National Bank and First Merchants Trust Company as divisions of First Merchants Bank, N.A. The Bank includes seventy-nine banking locations in twenty-four Indiana and two Ohio counties. In addition to its branch network, the Corporation's delivery channels include ATMs, check cards, remote deposit capture, interactive voice response systems and internet technology. The Corporation's business activities are currently limited to one significant business segment, which is community banking.

Through the Bank, the Corporation offers a broad range of financial services, including accepting time deposits, savings and demand deposits; making consumer, commercial, agri-business and real estate mortgage loans; renting safe deposit facilities; providing personal and corporate trust services; providing full-service brokerage; and providing other corporate services, letters of credit and repurchase agreements.

The Corporation also operates First Merchants Insurance Services, Inc., operating as First Merchants Insurance Group, a full-service property, casualty, personal lines, and employee benefit insurance agency headquartered in Muncie, Indiana.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

**Executive Summary** 

First Merchants Corporation reported net income available to common stockholders of \$13.2 million, or \$0.46 per fully diluted common share for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, an increase of \$8.8 million, compared to net income available to common stockholders of \$4.5 million, or \$0.17 per common share for the quarter ended March 31, 2011.

On February 10, 2012, the Bank assumed substantially all the deposits and certain other liabilities and acquired certain assets of SCB Bank, from the FDIC as the receiver of SCB Bank. This transaction generated a pre-tax gain of \$9.1 million, or \$0.21 per common share after tax.

As of March 31, 2012, total assets equaled \$4.2 billion, an increase of \$63.3 million from December 31, 2011. At March 31, 2012, the loans related to this transaction were approximately \$89.7 million. In addition, the Bank also acquired equity securities of approximately \$18.9 million and \$1.8 million in Federal Home Loan Bank stock. The Bank assumed deposits and Federal Home Loan Bank advances, the balances of which were \$98.8 million and \$7.9 million as of March 31, 2012. Details of this transaction are included in NOTE 2. PURCHASE AND ASSUMPTION, included within the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q.

The Corporation's allowance for loan losses totaled \$70.4 million as of March 31, 2012. The allowance provides 94.5 percent coverage of all non-accrual loans and 2.5 percent of total loans. Provision expense totaled \$4.9 million for the first quarter 2012, compared to \$5.6 million in the first quarter of 2011. The acquired loans account for \$4.9 million or 100 percent of the increase in non-accrual loans during the quarter. These non-accrual loans had a book balance of \$10.0 million prior to the fair value adjustment. Net charge-offs totaled \$5.4 million for the first quarter 2012, down from \$7.6 million for the first quarter of 2011. Additional details are discussed within the "PROVISION/ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this Form 10-Q.

Taxes, both current and deferred, decreased in the first quarter of 2012 by \$4.3 million, mainly due to the timing difference related to the \$9.1 million gain on the FDIC modified whole bank transaction.

The Corporation was able to maintain all regulatory capital ratios in excess of the regulatory definition of "well-capitalized" as discussed in the "CAPITAL" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this Form 10-Q.

#### NET INTEREST INCOME

Net interest income is the primary source of the Corporation's earnings. Net interest margin is a function of net interest income and the level of average earning assets. Net interest income and net interest margin are presented in the following table on a fully taxable equivalent basis ("FTE"), which adjusts tax-exempt or nontaxable interest income to an amount that would be comparable to interest subject to income taxes using the federal statutory tax rate of 35 percent in effect for all periods. Net interest margin increased 1 basis point from 3.95 percent in the first quarter of 2011 to 3.96 percent in the first quarter of 2012, while earning assets increased by \$45.0 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, asset yields decreased 37 basis points FTE and interest costs decreased 38 basis points, resulting in a 1 basis point FTE increase in net interest income as compared to the same period in 2011. The following table presents the Corporation's interest income, interest expense, and net interest income as a percent of average earning assets for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and 2011

Three Months Ended

	March 31,				
		,			
(Dollars in Thousands)		2012		2011	
Annualized net interest income	\$	144,465	\$	141,909	
Annualized FTE adjustment	\$	5,771	\$	5,719	
Annualized net interest income FTE	\$	150,236	\$	147,628	
Average earning assets	\$	3,789,437	\$	3,744,196	
Interest income FTE as a percent of average earning assets		4.74%	ı	5.11%	
Interest expense as a percent of average earning assets		0.78%	1.16%		
Net interest income FTE as a percent of average earning assets		3.96%	ı	3.95%	

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **NET INTEREST INCOME continued**

Average earning assets include the average balance of securities classified as available for sale, computed based on the average of the historical amortized cost balances without the effects of the fair value adjustment. Annualized amounts are computed utilizing a 30/360 day basis.

#### NON-INTEREST INCOME

Non-interest income increased \$10.8 million or 91.1 percent in the first quarter of 2012, compared to the first quarter of 2011. During the first quarter of 2012, a gross purchase gain of \$9.1 million was recognized from the purchase of certain assets and assumption of certain liabilities of SCB Bank in Shelby County Indiana. See NOTE 2. PURCHASE AND ASSUMPTION in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements included of this Form 10-Q.

Additionally, \$576,000 was received in the first quarter of 2012 from a Bank Owned Life Insurance death benefit, while none was received in the first quarter of 2011. The sale of investment securities during the first quarter of 2012 resulted in gains of \$789,000, with no other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized on pooled trust preferred investments, resulting in a net increase over the first quarter of 2011 of \$726,000. During the first quarter of 2011, gains recognized of \$463,000 on the sale of investment securities were offset by other-than-temporary impairment losses on pooled trust preferred investments of \$400,000.

#### NON-INTEREST EXPENSE

Non-interest expenses increased \$147,000 or 0.43 percent in the first quarter of 2012, compared to the first quarter of 2011. Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$2.2 million or 12.7 percent over the same quarter last year. Base salaries were up \$294,000 or 2.4 percent, while commissions and incentives increased \$689,000 over the same quarter last year. Employee health insurance and retirement plan expenses increased \$819,000 and \$322,000, respectively, when compared to the first quarter of 2011. The increase in salaries and benefits was offset by declines in FDIC expenses of \$987,000 and credit related expenses of \$1.0 million, from the first quarter of 2011 to the first quarter of 2012.

#### **INCOME TAX**

The income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012, was \$5,500,000 on pre-tax net income of \$19,871,000. For the same period in 2011, the income tax expense was \$2,399,000 on pre-tax net income of \$7,860,000. Additional details are discussed within the "Results of Operations" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this Form 10-Q.

#### **CAPITAL**

Capital adequacy is an important indicator of financial stability and performance. The Corporation maintained a strong capital position as tangible common equity to tangible assets was 7.07 percent at March 31, 2012, and 6.84 percent at December 31, 2011.

The Corporation and the Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies and are assigned to a capital category. The assigned capital category is largely determined by three ratios that are calculated according to the regulations: total risk-based capital, Tier 1 capital, and Tier 1 leverage ratios. The ratios are intended to measure capital relative to assets and credit risk associated with those assets and off-balance sheet exposures of the entity. The capital category assigned to an entity can also be affected by qualitative judgments made by regulatory agencies about the risk inherent in the entity's activities that are not part of the calculated ratios. At March 31, 2012, the management of the Corporation believes that it meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject. The most recent notifications from the regulatory agencies categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action.

There are five capital categories defined in the regulations, ranging from well capitalized to critically undercapitalized. Classification of a bank in any of the undercapitalized categories can result in actions by regulators that could have a material effect on a bank's operations.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **CAPITAL** continued

To be considered well capitalized, a bank must have a total risk-based capital ratio of at least 10 percent, a Tier I capital ratio of at least 6 percent, a Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 5 percent, and must not be subject to any order or directive requiring the bank to improve its capital level. An adequately capitalized bank has a total risk-based capital ratio of a least 8 percent, a Tier I capital ratio of at least 4 percent and a Tier 1 leverage ratio of at least 4 percent. Banks with lower capital levels are deemed to be undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized or critically undercapitalized, depending on their actual levels. The appropriate federal regulatory agency may also downgrade a bank to the next lower capital category upon a determination that the bank is in an unsafe or unsound practice. Banks are required to monitor closely their capital levels and to notify their appropriate regulatory agency of any basis for a change in capital category.

As of March 31, 2012, the Corporation, on a consolidated basis, as well as the Bank, exceeded the minimum capital levels of the well capitalized category.

	March 31, 2012			December	r 31, 2011
(Dollars in Thousands)	Amount		Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Consolidated					
Total risk-based capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	497,299	16.39%	\$ 487,393	16.54%
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	428,974	14.14%	\$ 410,132	13.92%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)	\$	428,974	10.61%	\$ 410,132	10.17%
First Merchants Bank					
Total risk-based capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	499,964	16.51%	\$ 477,805	16.26%
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$	461,922	15.25%	\$ 440,909	15.00%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)	\$	461,922	11.45%	\$ 440,909	10.96%

Tier I regulatory capital consists primarily of total stockholders' equity and subordinated debentures issued to business trusts categorized as qualifying borrowings, less non-qualifying intangible assets and unrealized net securities gains or losses.

Management believes that all of the above capital ratios are meaningful measurements for evaluating the safety and soundness of the Corporation. Additionally, management believes the following table is also meaningful when considering performance measures of the Corporation. The table details and reconciles tangible earnings per share, return on tangible capital and tangible assets to traditional GAAP measures.

(Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)	N	March 31, 2012	De	ecember 31, 2011
Average goodwill	\$	141,357	\$	141,357
Average core deposit intangible (CDI)		8,871		10,655
Average deferred tax on CDI		(2,200)		(2,458)
Intangible adjustment	\$	148,028	\$	149,554
Average stockholders' equity (GAAP capital)	\$	517,774	\$	478,440
Average cumulative preferred stock		(125)		
Average non-cumulative preferred stock issued under the Small Business Lending Fund Program		(90,782)		(74,181)
Intangible adjustment		(148,028)		(149,554)
Average tangible capital	\$	278,839	\$	254,705
Average assets	\$	4,202,955	\$	4,143,850
Intangible adjustment		(148,028)		(149,554)
Average tangible assets	\$	4,054,927	\$	3,994,296
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	13,236	\$	9,013
CDI amortization, net of tax		266		2,112
Tangible net income available to common stockholders	\$	13,502	\$	11,125
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.46	\$	0.34
Diluted tangible earnings per share	\$	0.47	\$	0.42
Return on average GAAP capital		10.23%		1.88%
Return on average tangible capital		19.37%		4.37%
Return on average assets		1.26%		0.22%
Return on average tangible assets		1.33%		0.28%

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### LOAN QUALITY/PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES

The Corporation's primary business focus is small business and middle market commercial and residential real estate, auto and small consumer lending, which results in portfolio diversification. Commercial loans are individually underwritten and judgmentally risk rated. They are periodically monitored and prompt corrective actions are taken on deteriorating loans. Retail loans are typically underwritten with statistical decision-making tools and are managed throughout their life cycle on a portfolio basis.

The allowance for loan losses is maintained through the provision for loan losses, which is a charge against earnings. The amount provided for loan losses and the determination of the adequacy of the allowance are based on a continuous review of the loan portfolio, including an internally administered loan "watch" list and an ongoing loan review. The evaluation takes into consideration identified credit problems, as well as the possibility of losses inherent in the loan portfolio that are not specifically identified.

Non-performing loans will change as a result of routine problem loan recognition and resolution through collections, sales or charge offs. The performance of any loan can be affected by external factors such as economic conditions, or factors particular to a borrower, such as actions of a borrower's management.

Non-accrual loans increased by \$4,864,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2012, from \$69,592,000 at December 31, 2011 to the March 31, 2012, balance of \$74,456,000. In addition, other real estate owned declined \$661,000 during the first three months of 2012. For other real estate owned, current appraisals are obtained to determine value as management continues to aggressively market these real estate assets. Accruing loans delinquent 90 or more days were \$253,000 at March 31, 2012, down from \$580,000 at December 31, 2011.

(Dollars in Thousands)	March 31, 2012		ember 31, 2011
Non-Performing Assets:			_
Non-accrual loans	\$ 74,456	\$	69,592
Renegotiated loans	 6,695		14,308
Non-performing loans (NPL)	81,151		83,900
Real estate owned and repossessed assets	 15,628		16,289
Non-performing assets (NPA)	96,779	_	100,189
90+ days delinquent and still accruing	253		580
NPAs & 90+ days delinquent	\$ 97,032	\$	100,769
Impaired Loans	\$ 94,390	\$	79,775

The composition of non-performing assets plus 90-days delinquent is reflected in the following table.

(Dollars in Thousands)		March 31, 2012				ember 31, 2011
Non Performing Assets and 90+ Days Delinquent:						
Commercial and industrial loans	\$	16,519	\$	13,725		
Agricultural production financing and other loans to farmers						
Real estate loans:						
Construction		16,330		17,784		
Commercial and farm land		43,951		46,985		
Residential		17,732		18,398		
Home equity		2,315		3,142		
Individual's loans for household and other personal expenditures		165		162		
Other loans		20		573		
Non performing assets plus 90+ days delinquent	\$	97,032	\$	100,769		

A loan is deemed impaired when, based on current information or events, it is probable that all amounts due of principal and interest according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement will not be collected substantially within the contractual terms of the note. At March 31, 2012, impaired loans totaled \$94,390,000, which is an increase of \$14,615,000 from the December 31, 2011 balance of \$79,775,000. The primary driver of the increase is the addition of the purchased loans discussed in NOTE 2. PURCHASE AND ASSUMPTION included in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q. At March 31, 2012, an allowance for losses was not deemed necessary for commercial impaired loans totaling \$78,340,000 as there was no identified loss on these credits. An allowance of \$5,379,000 was recorded for the remaining balance of these impaired loans totaling \$16,050,000 and is included in the corporation's allowance for loan losses.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### LOAN QUALITY/PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES continued

At March 31, 2012, the allowance for loan losses was \$70,369,000, a decrease of \$529,000 from year end 2011. As a percent of loans, the allowance was 2.50 percent at March 31, 2012, and 2.60 percent at December 31, 2011. The provision for loan losses for the first three months of 2012 was \$4,875,000, a decrease of \$719,000 from \$5,594,000 for the same period in 2011. Specific reserves, on impaired loans including residential mortgage, decreased \$2,043,000 from \$7,938,000 at December 31, 2011, to \$5,895,000 at March 31, 2012.

Net charge offs for the first quarter of 2012 were \$5,404,000, a decrease of \$2,231,000 from the same period in 2011. Of this amount, \$1,843,000, or 34.1 percent of net charge offs, was made up of three customer charge offs of more than \$500,000. Specific reserves totaling \$1,070,000 were held against these three loans at the time of charge off. The distribution of the net charge offs for the three months ended March 31, 2012, and March 31, 2011, is reflected in the following table:

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
(Dollars in Thousands)	2012			2011			
Net Charge Offs:							
Commercial and industrial loans	\$	2,206	\$	508			
Agricultural production financing and other loans to farmers		(14)					
Real estate loans:							
Construction		143		2,588			
Commercial and farm land		1,647		3,439			
Residential		768		879			
Individual's loans for household and other personal expenditures		113		309			
Lease financing receivables, net of unearned income		(1)		(1)			
Other loans		542		(87)			
Total Net Charge Offs	\$	5,404	\$	7,635			

The declines in the value of commercial and residential real estate in our market over the last couple of years has had a negative impact on the underlying collateral value in our commercial, residential, land development and construction loans. Management continually evaluates commercial borrowers by including consideration of specific borrower cash flow analysis and estimated collateral values, types and amounts on non-performing loans, past and anticipated loan loss experience, changes in the composition of the loan portfolio, and the current condition and amount of loans outstanding. The determination of the provision in any period is based on management's continuing review and evaluation of the loan portfolio, and its judgment as to the impact of current economic conditions on the portfolio.

#### LIQUIDITY

Liquidity management is the process by which we ensure that adequate liquid funds are available for the holding company and its subsidiaries. These funds are necessary in order to meet financial commitments on a timely basis. These commitments include withdrawals by depositors, funding credit obligations to borrowers, paying dividends to stockholders, paying operating expenses, funding capital expenditures, and maintaining deposit reserve requirements. Liquidity is monitored and closely managed by the asset/liability committee.

The Corporation's liquidity is dependent upon our receipt of dividends from the Bank, which is subject to certain regulatory limitations and access to other funding sources. Liquidity of the Bank is derived primarily from core deposit growth, principal payments received on loans, the sale and maturity of investment securities, net cash provided by operating activities, and access to other funding sources.

The most stable source of liability-funded liquidity for both the long-term and short-term is deposit growth and retention in the core deposit base. In addition, Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances are utilized as funding sources. At March 31, 2012, total borrowings from the FHLB were \$131,496,000. The Bank has pledged certain mortgage loans and investments to the FHLB. The total available remaining borrowing capacity from the FHLB at March 31, 2012, was \$184,506,000.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### LIQUIDITY continued

On March 30, 2012, the Bank completed repayment of \$79,000,000 of Senior Notes (the "Notes") that had matured. The Notes, which were originally issued by the Bank on March 31, 2009, were guaranteed by the FDIC under its Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program ("TLGP").

The principal source of asset-funded liquidity is investment securities classified as available for sale, the market values of which totaled \$547,308,000 at March 31, 2012, an increase of \$28,817,000, or 5.6 percent, from December 31, 2011. Securities classified as held to maturity that are maturing within a short period of time can also be a source of liquidity. Securities classified as held to maturity that are maturing in one year or less, totaled \$3,355,000 at March 31, 2012. In addition, other types of assets such as cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, and securities purchased under agreements to resell, loans and interest-bearing deposits with other banks maturing within one year are sources of liquidity.

The Corporation currently has a \$55.0 million credit facility with Bank of America, N.A., comprised of (a) a term loan in the principal amount of \$5.0 million (the "Term Loan") and (b) a subordinated debenture in the principal amount of \$50.0 million (the "Subordinated Debt"). Pursuant to the terms of the underlying Loan Agreement (the "Loan Agreement"), the Term Loan and the Subordinated Debt each mature on February 15, 2015. The Term Loan is secured by a pledge of all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Bank.

The Loan Agreement contains certain customary representations and warranties and financial and negative covenants. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default under the Loan Agreement. As of March 31, 2012, the Corporation was in compliance with these financial covenants.

As of December 31, 2011, the Corporation failed to meet the minimum return on average total assets covenant of at least 0.75 percent. The Loan Agreement provides that upon an event of default as the result of the Corporation's failure to comply with a financial covenant, Bank of America may (a) declare the \$5.0 million outstanding principal amount of the Term Loan immediately due and payable, (b) exercise all of its rights and remedies at law, in equity and/or pursuant to any or all collateral documents, including foreclosing on the collateral if payment of the Term Loan is not made in full, and (c) add a default rate of 3 percent per annum to the Term Loan. Because the Subordinated Debt is treated as Tier 2 capital for regulatory capital purposes, the Loan Agreement does not provide Bank of America with any right of acceleration or other remedies with regard to the Subordinated Debt upon an event of default caused by the Corporation's breach of a financial covenant. Bank of America chose to apply the default rate through March 31, 2012, but not to accelerate the Term Loan based on the Corporation's failure to meet these financial covenants.

In the normal course of business, the Bank is a party to a number of other off-balance sheet activities that contain credit, market and operational risk that are not reflected in whole or in part in our consolidated financial statements. Such activities include traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments, commitments under operating leases and long-term debt.

The Bank provides customers with off-balance sheet credit support through loan commitments and standby and commercial letters of credit. Summarized credit-related financial instruments at March 31, 2012, are as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)	M	larch 31, 2012
Amounts of commitments:		
Loan commitments to extend credit	\$	630,529
Standby and commercial letters of credit		22,298
	\$	652,827

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### LIQUIDITY continued

Since many of the commitments are expected to expire unused or be only partially used, the total amount of unused commitments in the preceding table does not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

In addition to owned banking facilities, the Corporation has entered into a number of long-term leasing arrangements to support ongoing activities. The required payments under such commitments and borrowings at March 31, 2012, are as follows:

	Re	maining								20	18 and		
(Dollars in Thousands)		2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	2	2016	:	2017	_	after		Total
Operating leases	\$	1,765	\$ 2,072	\$ 1,813	\$ 1,606	\$	1,242	\$	709	\$	329	\$	9,536
Federal funds purchased		10,936											10,936
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		129,308		10,000								1	39,308
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		36,807	1,626	26,572	31,073	2	29,025		2,829		3,564	1	31,496
Subordinated debentures, revolving credit lines and													
term loans		143	 		 55,000						60,826	_1	15,969
Total	\$	178,959	\$ 3,698	\$ 38,385	\$ 87,679	\$ 3	30,267	\$	3,538	\$	64,719	\$4	107,245

#### INTEREST SENSITIVITY AND DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Asset/Liability Management has been an important factor in the Corporation's ability to record consistent earnings growth through periods of interest rate volatility and product deregulation. Management and the Board of Directors monitor the Corporation's liquidity and interest sensitivity positions at regular meetings to review how changes in interest rates may affect earnings. Decisions regarding investment and the pricing of loan and deposit products are made after analysis of reports designed to measure liquidity, rate sensitivity, the Corporation's exposure to changes in net interest income given various rate scenarios and the economic and competitive environments.

It is the objective of the Corporation to monitor and manage risk exposure to net interest income caused by changes in interest rates. It is the goal of the Corporation's Asset/Liability function to provide optimum and stable net interest income. To accomplish this, management uses two asset liability tools. GAP/Interest Rate Sensitivity Reports and Net Interest Income Simulation Modeling are constructed, presented and monitored quarterly.

Net interest income simulation modeling, or earnings-at-risk, measures the sensitivity of net interest income to various interest rate movements. The Corporation's asset liability process monitors simulated net interest income under three separate interest rate scenarios; base, rising and falling. Estimated net interest income for each scenario is calculated over a 12-month horizon. The immediate and parallel changes to the base case scenario used in the model are presented below. The interest rate scenarios are used for analytical purposes and do not necessarily represent management's view of future market movements. Rather, these are intended to provide a measure of the degree of volatility interest rate movements may introduce into the earnings of the Corporation.

The base scenario is highly dependent on numerous assumptions embedded in the model, including assumptions related to future interest rates. While the base sensitivity analysis incorporates management's best estimate of interest rate and balance sheet dynamics under various market rate movements, the actual behavior and resulting earnings impact will likely differ from that projected. For certain assets, the base simulation model captures the expected prepayment behavior under changing interest rate environments. Assumptions and methodologies regarding the interest rate or balance behavior of indeterminate maturity products, such as savings, money market, NOW and demand deposits, reflect management's best estimate of expected future behavior.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### INTEREST SENSITIVITY AND DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK continued

The comparative rising 200 basis points and falling 100 basis points scenarios below, as of March 31, 2012, assume further interest rate changes in addition to the base simulation discussed above. These changes are immediate and parallel changes to the base case scenario. In the current rate environment, many driver rates are at or near historical lows, thus total rate movements (beginning point minus ending point) to each of the various driver rates utilized by management have the following results:

At March 31, 2012						
RISING	<b>FALLING</b>					
(200 Basis Points)	(100 Basis Points)					
200	0					
200	0					
200	(10)					
200	(16)					
200	(11)					
200	(38)					
200	(4)					
	RISING (200 Basis Points)  200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200					

Results for the base, rising 200 basis points, and falling 100 basis points interest rate scenarios are listed below based upon the Corporation's rate sensitive assets and liabilities at March 31, 2012. The net interest income shown represents cumulative net interest income over a 12-month time horizon. Balance sheet assumptions used for the base scenario are the same for the rising and falling simulations.

			Α	t March 31, 2012	2	
				RISING (200 Basis		FALLING (100 Basis
Driver Rates		Base		Points)		Points)
Net interest income	\$	151,974	\$	158,424	\$	149,647
Variance from base			\$	6,450	\$	(2,327)
Percent of change from base				4.24%		-1.53%
- 1. 1						

Policy limit

The comparative rising 200 basis points and falling 100 basis points scenarios below, as of December 31, 2011, assume further interest rate changes in addition to the base simulation discussed above. These changes are immediate and parallel changes to the base case scenario. In addition, total rate movements (beginning point minus ending point) to each of the various driver rates utilized by management in the base simulation are as follows:

	At December 31, 2011							
	RISING	<b>FALLING</b>						
Driver Rates	(200 Basis Points)	(100 Basis Points)						
Prime	200	0						
Federal Funds	200	0						
One-Year CMT	200	(2)						
Three-Year CMT	200	(6)						
Five-Year CMT	200	0						
CD's	200	(42)						
FHLB advances	200	0						

Results for the base, rising 200 basis points, and falling 100 basis points interest rate scenarios are listed below. The net interest income shown represents cumulative net interest income over a 12-month time horizon. Balance sheet assumptions used for the base scenario are the same for the rising and falling simulations.

		At I	December 31, 20 RISING (200 Basis	11	FALLING (100 Basis
Driver Rates	Base		Points)		Points)
Net interest income	\$ 142,706	\$	146,352	\$	140,332
Variance from Base		\$	3,646	\$	(2,374)
Percent of change from base			2.55%	)	-1.66%

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **EARNING ASSETS**

The following table presents the earning asset mix as of March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011. Earning assets increased by \$80,675,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2012. Interest-bearing time deposits decreased \$18,561,000. Investments increased by approximately \$13,632,000, while loans and loans held for sale increased by \$83,848,000. The three largest loan classes that increased from December 31, 2011 were commercial and farm land, home equity and residential. The largest loan classes with balance decreases were in agriculture and individual loans.

Effective February 10, 2012, the Bank assumed substantially all the deposits and certain other liabilities and acquired certain assets of SCB Bank, from the FDIC as the receiver of SCB Bank. At March 31, 2012, the loans related to this transaction were approximately \$89,712,000. In addition, the Bank also acquired equity securities of approximately \$18,900,000 and \$1.8 million in Federal Home Loan Bank stock. Details of this transaction are included in NOTE 2. PURCHASE AND ASSUMPTION, included within the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of this Form 10-Q.

(Dollars in Thousands)	M	larch 31, 2012	De	cember 31, 2011
Interest-bearing time deposits	\$	34,290	\$	52,851
Investment securities available for sale		547,308		518,491
Investment securities held to maturity		412,724		427,909
Mortgage loans held for sale		22,138		17,864
Loans		2,792,989		2,713,415
Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank stock		33,026		31,270
Total	\$	3,842,475	\$	3,761,800

#### **OTHER**

The Securities and Exchange Commission maintains a Web site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Commission, including us, and that address is (http://www.sec.gov).

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required under this item is included as part of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, under the headings "LIQUIDITY" and "INTEREST SENSITIVITY AND DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK".

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

At the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There have been no changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation discussed above that occurred during the Corporation's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

None

#### **ITEM 1.A. RISK FACTORS**

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Corporation's December 31, 2011, Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- a. None
- b. None
- c. Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information relating to our purchases of equity securities during the quarter ended March 31, 2012, as follows:

	Total Number	Average	Total Number of Shares Purchased as part of	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be
Period	of Shares Purchased	rice Paid er Share	Publicly announced Plans or Programs	Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January, 2012	2,764	\$ 8.58	0	0
February, 2012	17,622	\$ 11.30	0	0
March, 2012			0	0

The shares were purchased in connection with the exercise of certain outstanding stock options or restricted stock.

#### **ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None

#### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not Applicable

#### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

- a. None
- b. None

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

Exhibit No:	Decemintion	of Exhibits:
r.xiiidii ino:	Describition	OF EXHIDITS:

3.1	First Merchants Corporation Articles of Incorporation, as amended (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2011)
3.2	Bylaws of First Merchants Corporation dated October 28, 2009 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 10-Q filed on November 9, 2009)
4.1	First Merchants Corporation Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust of First Merchants Capital Trust II dated as of July 2, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2007)
4.2	Indenture dated as of July 2, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2007)
4.3	Guarantee Agreement dated as of July 2, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2007)
4.4	Form of Capital Securities Certification of First Merchants Capital Trust II (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2007)
4.5	First Merchants Corporation Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Form S-3 filed on August 21, 2009)
10.1	Purchase and Assumption Agreement – Modified Whole Bank; All Deposits, among Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, receiver of SCB Bank, Shelbyville, Indiana, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and First Merchants Bank, dated as of February 10, 2012 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on February 13, 2012)
10.2	First Merchants Corporation Senior Management Incentive Compensation Program, dated March 26, 2012 (Incorporated by reference to registrant's Form 8-K filed on March 26, 2012) (1)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002 (2)
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002 (2)
32	Certifications Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (2)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document (3)
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (3)
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (3)
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document (3)
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (3)
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (3)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

First Merchants Corporation

(Registrant)

Date: May 10, 2012 by <u>/s/ Michael C. Rechin</u>

Michael C. Rechin

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 10, 2012 by /s/ Mark K. Hardwick

Mark K. Hardwick

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT-31.1

#### CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Michael C. Rechin, President and Chief Executive Officer of First Merchants Corporation, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of First Merchants Corporation;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
    - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
    - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
    - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2012

by <u>/s/ Michael C. Rechin</u>
Michael C. Rechin
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT-31.2

#### CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Mark K. Hardwick, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of First Merchants Corporation, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of First Merchants Corporation;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
    - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
    - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
    - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2012

by: /s/ Mark K. Hardwick
Mark K. Hardwick
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT-32

# CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of First Merchants Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2012, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael C. Rechin, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, do hereby certify, in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

Date: May 10, 2012

by <u>/s/ Michael C. Rechin</u>
Michael C. Rechin
President and
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

A signed copy of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to First Merchants Corporation and will be retained by First Merchants Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

In connection with the quarterly report of First Merchants Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2012, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Mark K. Hardwick, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation, do hereby certify, in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

Date: May 10, 2012

by <u>/s/ Mark K. Hardwick</u>
Mark K. Hardwick
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

A signed copy of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to First Merchants Corporation and will be retained by First Merchants Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.